

<b>Virus Name: Gabek Forest</b>		<b>Abbreviation: GFV</b>
Status <b>Probable Arbovirus</b>	Select Agent <b>No</b>	SALS Level
SALS Basis		
Other Information		
Antigenic Group <b>Phlebotomus Fever</b>		

**SECTION I - Full Virus Name and Prototype Number**

Prototype Strain Number / Designation <b>SudAn 754-61</b>	Accession Number	Original Date Submitted 5/14/1985
Family <b>Bunyaviridae</b>	Genus <b>Phlebovirus</b>	
Information From <b>J.R. Schmidt, R.B. Tesh and R.E. Shope</b>	Address <b>Naval Medical Research and Development Command and Yale Arbovirus Research Unit</b>	
Information Footnote <b>Reviewed by editor</b>		

**Section II - Original Source**

Isolated By (name) <b>Donald Heyneman</b>	Isolated at Institute <b>Malakal, Sudan</b>	
Host Genus <b>Acomys cahirinus (albigena) (spiny mouse)</b>	Species	Host Age/Stage <b>Adult</b>
Sex <b>Not Answered</b>		
<u>Isolated From</u>	<u>Isolation Details</u>	
<b>Organs/Tissues</b>	<b>Spleen</b>	
Signs and Symptoms of Illness <b>None recorded</b>	Arthropod	
Time Held Alive before Inoculation		
Collection Method <b>Live trap</b>	Collection Date <b>4/17/1961</b>	
Place Collected (Minimum of City, State, Country) <b>Gabek Forest near Paloich, Sudan</b>		
Latitude <b>11° 0' N</b>	Longitude <b>32° 30' E</b>	
Macrohabitat <b>Acacia-Balanites forest</b>	Microhabitat <b>Forest floor</b>	Method of Storage until Inoculated <b>Wet ice up to 48 hours</b>
Footnotes		

**Section III - Method of Isolation**

Inoculation Date		
Animal (Details will be in Section 6) <b>Hamster</b>		
Route Inoculated	Reisolation <b>Not tried</b>	
Other Reasons		
Homologous Antibody Formation by <u>Source Animal</u> <b>Not tested</b>		
Test(s) Used		
Footnotes		

**Section IV - Virus Properties**

Physicochemical		
Pieces (number of genome segments)	Infectivity	Sedimentation Coefficients(s) (S)
Percentage wt, of Virion Protein	Lipid	Carbohydrate
Virion Polypeptides: Number	Details	
Non-virion Polypeptides: Number	Details	
Virion Density	Sedimentation Coefficients(s) (S)	
Nucleocapsid Density	Sedimentation Coefficients(s) (S)	
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<b><u>Stability of Infectivity (effects)</u></b>		
pH (infective range)		
Lipid Solvent (ether - % used to test)	After Treatment Titer	Control Titer
Lipid Solvent (chloroform)	After Treatment Titer	Control Titer
Lipid Solvent (deoxycholate)	After Treatment Titer	Control Titer
Other (formalin, radiation)		
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<b><u>Virion Morphology</u></b>		
Shape	Dimensions	
Mean nm	Range nm	
Measurement Method	Surface Projections/Envelope	Nucleocapsid Dimensions, Symmetry

### Morphogenesis

Site of Constituent Formation in Cell                      Site of Virion Assembly                      Site of Virion Accumulation

Inclusion Bodies                      Other

### Hemagglutination

Hemagglutination                      Antigen Source                      Erythrocytes (species used)  
**Yes**                      **SMB ext. by sucrose-acetone + sonication**                      **Gander**

pH Range                      pH Optimum  
**5.8**                      **5.8**

Temperature Range                      Temperature Optimum  
**Not tested**                      **Room temperature**

Remarks  
**Titer = 2 (strain IbAn 10065)**

Serologic Methods Recommended  
**CF, NT**

Footnotes  
**Titer = 2 (strain IbAn 10065)**

### **Section V - Antigenic Relationship and Lack of Relationship to Other Viruses**

In cross-CF tests, Gabek Forest (SudAn 754-61) and Arbia antigens and antisera reacted, and in PRNT Gabek Forest and Karimabad reacted as follows [1], [2]:

Antigen	CF TEST		Virus	PRNT	
	Antiserum			Antiserum	
	Gabek Forest	Arbia		Gabek Forest	Karimabad
Gabek Forest	256/128 <sup>b</sup>	16/4	Gabek Forest	320 <sup>c</sup>	10
Arbia	<4/<4	256/256	Karimabad	20	320

<sup>b</sup> Reciprocal of highest antiserum dilution/reciprocal of highest antigen dilution.

<sup>c</sup> Reciprocal of highest serum dilution giving 90% plaque reduction.

Gabek Forest (SudAn 754-61) virus, antigen and antiserum were tested in cross- CF and -PRNT tests against the following phlebovirus antigens and antisera with negative results: AGU, ALE, ANH, AMT, BUE, BUJ, CAC, CAI, CDU, CHG, CHI, FRI, GOR, ICO, ITA, ITP, SFN, NIQ, PAC, PT, RVF, RG, SAF, SAL, SFS, TEH, TOS, TUA, URU [1], [2].

**Section VI - Biologic Characteristics**

Virus Source (all VERTEBRATE isolates)  
**Spleen (LV), liver (LV), serum (LV) (3)**

Lab Methods of Virus Recovery (ALL ISOLATIONS)  
**Newborn mice (3), adult hamsters**

Cell system (a)	Virus passage history (b)	Evidence of Infection						
		CPE			PLAQUES			Growth Without CPE +/- (g)
		Day (c)	Extent (d)	Titer TCD50/ml (e)	Day (c)	Size (f)	Titer PFU/ml (e)	
Vero (CL)	SudAn 754-61	3	3-4+		5-6	1-2 mm	7.0*	
LL-5 (CL)	SM9 Vero1		No CPE	5.7* PFU				+ (4)

\* Expressed in dex

Vertebrate (species and organ) and arthropod	No. isolations/No. tested	No. with antibody/No. tested Test used	Country and region
Man		31/90 NT	Sudan (5)
Man		3/115 NT	Nigeria (5)
Man		8/666 NT	Egypt (5)
Man		0/349 NT	Greece (5)
Man		0/48 NT	Somalia (5)
Man		0/300 NT	Iran (5)
<i>Acomys cahirinus</i> (albigena)	1/many		Paloich, Sudan
<i>Atelerix albiventrix</i> (hedgehog)	2		Nigeria (6)
<i>Galago senegalensis</i> (bushbaby)	2		
<i>Tatera kempii</i> (gerbil)	6		Nigeria; Dahomey; Senegal (6, 7)
<i>Tatera</i> sp. (gerbil)	1		Cent. Afr. Rep. (7)
<i>Taterillus</i> sp. (gerbil)	1		Senegal (7)
<i>Taterillus gracilis</i> (gerbil)	5		Nigeria (6)
<i>Taterillus nigeriae</i> (gerbil)	5		Nigeria; Dahomey(6)
<i>Arvicanthis niloticus</i> (rat)	26+		Nigeria; Cent. African Rep.(7)
<i>Lemniscomys barbarus</i> (mouse)	1		Dahomey (6)
<i>Mastomys natalensis</i> (mouse)	2		Nigeria; Dahomey(6)
<i>Cricetomys gambianus</i> (rat)	4		
Sentinel mouse	1		Ibadan, Nigeria

Experimental host and age	Passage history and strain	Inoculation Route-Dose	Evidence of infection	AST (days)	Titer log <sub>10</sub> /ml
Mice (nb)	IbAn 10065, H1 SM4 (3)	ic	Death	3.8	9.0
Mice (nb)		ip	Death	4.8	
Mice (nb)		sc			
Mice (wn)		ic	Death	3.4	
Mice (wn)		ip	Death	4.6	
Mice (ad)		ip	Antibody		
hamster (ad)		sc	Death	3	

**Section IX - Experimental Arthropod Infection and Transmission**

Arthropod species & virus source(a)	Method of Infection log10/ml (b)		Incubation period (c)		Transmission by bite (d)		Assay of arthropod, log10/ml (e)		
	Feeding	Injected	Days	°C	Host	Ratio	Whole	Organ	System
Aedes albopictus		2.7	10	32			Neg.		Vero cells (8)
Culex quinquefasciatus		2.7	10	32			Neg.		Vero cells (8)
Phlebotomus papatasi	4.5		7	28			Neg.		Vero cells (9)
P. papatasi *		2.0	7	28			5.1		Vero cells (9)
Lutzomyia longipalpis		2.8	7	28			4.0		Vero cells (9)

Virus strain SudAn 754-61 used.

\* Gabek Forest was not transovarially transmitted by experimentally infected P. papatasi (9).

**Section X - Histopathology**

Character of lesions (specify host)

**Mouse inoc. ic: diffuse cellular necrosis of cerebrum and marked necrosis and spongiosis of subgranular layers of cerebrum (3).**

Inclusion Bodies

Intranuclear

Organs/Tissues Affected

Category of tropism

**Section XI - Human Disease**

In Nature	Residual	Death
Subclinical	Overt Disease	
Clinical Manifestations		
Number of Cases	Category (i.e. febrile illness, etc.)	

**Section XII - Geographic Distribution**

Known (Virus detected)

**Sudan, Nigeria, Senegal, Dahomey, Central African Republic (6,7)**

Suspected (Antibody only detected)

**Greece, Egypt, Somalia, Iran (5)**

**Section XIII - References**

1. Tesh, R.B., et al. 1982. Am. J. Trop. Med. Hyg. 31:149-155.
2. Travassos da Rosa, A.P.A., et al. 1983. Am. J. Trop. Med. Hyg. 32:1164-1171.
3. Director, Ibadan Virus Laboratory. Personal communication. 1966-68, 1970.
4. Tesh, R.B. and Modi, G.B. 1983. J. Med. Ent. 20:199-202.
5. Tesh, R.B., et al. 1976. Bull. WHO 54:663-674.
6. Kemp, G.E., et al. 1974. J. Wildlife Dis. 10:279-293.
7. Rapport Annuel de l'Institut Pasteur de Dakar. 1982.
8. Tesh, R.B. 1975. J. Med. Ent. 12:1-4.
9. Tesh, R.B. and Modi, G.B. 1984. Am. J. Trop. Med. Hyg. 33:1007-1016.

**Remarks**