

Virus Name: Huacho		Abbreviation: HUAV
Status Possible Arbovirus	Select Agent No	SALS Level 2
SALS Basis Results of SALS surveys and information from the Catalogue.		
Other Information		
Antigenic Group Kemerovo		

SECTION I - Full Virus Name and Prototype Number

Prototype Strain Number / Designation AR883	Accession Number	Original Date Submitted 11/27/1984
Family Reoviridae	Genus Orbivirus	
Information From H. N. Johnson and Jordi Casals	Address California Dept. Health, Berkeley, CA and Yale Arbovirus Research Unit, New Haven, CT	
Information Footnote Reviewed by editor		

Section II - Original Source

Isolated By (name) Harald N. Johnson	Isolated at Institute Berkeley, CA	
Host Genus Ornithodoros amblus, pool of 20 ticks	Species	Host Age/Stage Nymph
Sex Not Answered		
<u>Isolated From</u>	<u>Isolation Details</u>	
Signs and Symptoms of Illness	Arthropod	
Time Held Alive before Inoculation		
Collection Method By hand	Collection Date 10/14/1967	
Place Collected (Minimum of City, State, Country) Punta Salinas, Huacho, Peru		
Latitude 11° S	Longitude 78° W	
Macrohabitat Guano bird colony, rocky peninsula	Microhabitat In cracks in rocks	Method of Storage until Inoculated Held alive in plastic bags with rock debris
Footnotes		

Section III - Method of Isolation

Inoculation Date
11/21/1967

Animal (Details will be in Section 6)
nb mice

Route Inoculated
Intracerebral

Reisolation
Yes

Other Reasons

Homologous Antibody Formation by Source Animal

Test(s) Used

Footnotes

Section IV - Virus Properties

Physicochemical

Pieces (number of genome segments)	Infectivity	Sedimentation Coefficients(s) (S)
Percentage wt, of Virion Protein	Lipid	Carbohydrate
Virion Polypeptides: Number	Details	
Non-virion Polypeptides: Number	Details	
Virion Density	Sedimentation Coefficients(s) (S)	
Nucleocapsid Density	Sedimentation Coefficients(s) (S)	

Stability of Infectivity (effects)

pH (infective range)

Lipid Solvent (ether - % used to test)	After Treatment Titer	Control Titer
Lipid Solvent (chloroform)	After Treatment Titer	Control Titer
Lipid Solvent (deoxycholate)	After Treatment Titer	Control Titer

Other (formalin, radiation)

Virion Morphology

Shape	Dimensions	
Mean nm	Range nm	
Measurement Method	Surface Projections/Envelope	Nucleocapsid Dimensions, Symmetry

Morphogenesis

Site of Constituent Formation in Cell

Site of Virion Assembly

Site of Virion Accumulation

Inclusion Bodies

Other

Hemagglutination

Hemagglutination

Antigen Source

Erythrocytes (species used)

No

SMB ext. by sucrose-acetone

Goose

pH Range

pH Optimum

6.0-7.0

Temperature Range

Temperature Optimum

37dC

Remarks

Serologic Methods Recommended

CF, NT

Footnotes

Complement-fixation test. Grouping immune sera or ascitic fluids (in dilutions beginning at 1:4) for the listed groups reacted negatively against antigen Huacho (AR883) at dilution 1:8: Groups A, B, C, Anopheles A, Bunyamwera, Bwamba, California, Capim, Guama, Nyando, Palyam, rhabdoviruses, Simbu, Tacaribe, Tete, and VSV.

The following type specific sera diluted as above, reacted negatively with Huacho (AR883) antigen: Aruac, Changuinola, Cotia, Kern Canyon, LCM, Lukuni, Nariva, Pacui, rabies, and Tembe.

Immune serum for Huacho (AR883) with a titer of 128, reacted negatively with the following antigens: Acara, Aruac, Hart Park, Jurona, Lebombo, Mapputta, Marco, Mirim, Mossuril, Navarro, Nyando, Pacui, Palyam, and Triniti.

In cross complement-fixation tests with about 40 non-group B tick-borne viruses, Huacho (AR883) has only cross-reacted with members of the Kemerovo group. An example of the crossing is shown:

Antigen	Complement-fixation Test						
	Serum						
	KEM	LIP	TRB	CNU	ML	HUA	WM
Kemerovo	512/128	64/32	64/32	8/8	16/32	0	0
Lipovnik	64/64	256/64	128/64	8/8	8/8	0	Traces
Tribec	64/256	128/256	128/256	8/32	16/128	0	Traces
Chenuda	16/16	32/32	32/32	256/128	64/64	16/8	Traces
Mono Lake	16/16	8/16	32/16	32/16	256/64	64/32	
Huacho	8/8			16/16	128/32	256/32	
Wad Medani	0		8/16				128/64

Serum titer/antigen titer; first dilution = 1:4.

Serum	Neutralization Test	
	Mono Lake	Huacho
Mono Lake	<1.5	3.6
Huacho	2.5	<1.5
Normal mouse	5.1	5.2

Virus titer in dex, in the presence of the serum; ic test in mice.

Section VI - Biologic Characteristics

Virus Source (all VERTEBRATE isolates)

Lab Methods of Virus Recovery (ALL ISOLATIONS)
Newborn mice

Cell system (a)	Virus passage history (b)	Evidence of Infection						
		CPE			PLAQUES			Growth Without CPE +/- (g)
		Day (c)	Extent (d)	Titer TCD50/ml (e)	Day (c)	Size (f)	Titer PFU/ml (e)	
Vero (CL)	P7					1-3 mm	3.8* (2)	
MA-111 (CL)						1-3 mm (2)		
DE (PC)						No plaques (2)		

* Expressed in dex

Section VII - Natural Host Range (Additional text can be added below table)

Vertebrate (species and organ) and arthropod	No. isolations/No. tested	No. with antibody/No. tested Test used	Country and region
Ornithodoros amblus (nymphs)	1/3		Peru
Ornithodoros amblus (adults)	0/7		

Section VIII - Susceptibility to Experimental Infection (include viremia)

Experimental host and age	Passage history and strain	Inoculation Route-Dose	Evidence of infection	AST (days)	Titer log ₁₀ /ml
Mice (nb)	Original	ic 0.015	6/6 sick, 11-17 days		
Mice (nb)		ip			
Mice (nb)		sc			
Mice (wn)	P3	ic 0.015	0/6 sick		
Mice (wn)		ip			
(nb)	P4	ic 0.015	6/6 sick, 7 days	11.5	6.0

Section IX - Experimental Arthropod Infection and Transmission

Arthropod species & virus source(a)	Method of Infection log ₁₀ /ml (b)		Incubation period (c)		Transmission by bite (d)		Assay of arthropod, log ₁₀ /ml (e)		
	Feeding	Injected	Days	°C	Host	Ratio	Whole	Organ	System

Section X - Histopathology

Character of lesions (specify host)

Inclusion Bodies

Intranuclear

Organs/Tissues Affected

Category of tropism

Section XI - Human Disease

In Nature	Residual	Death
Subclinical	Overt Disease	
Clinical Manifestations		
Number of Cases	Category (i.e. febrile illness, etc.)	

Section XII - Geographic Distribution

Known (Virus detected) Peru
Suspected (Antibody only detected)

Section XIII - References

1. Johnson, H.N. and Casals, J. 1972. In: Transcontinental Connections of Migratory Birds and their Role in the Distribution of Arboviruses; edited by Cherepanov, A.I., et al. Publishing House "NAUKA". Siberian Branch, Novosibirsk.
2. Calisher, C.H. Personal communication. 1977.

Remarks

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