

<b>Virus Name: Ife</b>		<b>Abbreviation: IFEV</b>
Status <b>Possible Arbovirus</b>	Select Agent <b>No</b>	SALS Level <b>3</b>
SALS Basis <b>Insufficient experience with virus; i.e., experience factor from SALS surveys was less than 500 in laboratory facilities with low biocontainment.</b>		
Other Information		
Antigenic Group <b>Ungrouped</b>		

**SECTION I - Full Virus Name and Prototype Number**

Prototype Strain Number / Designation <b>IbAn 57245</b>	Accession Number	Original Date Submitted <b>10/12/1984</b>
Family <b>Reoviridae</b>	Genus <b>Orbivirus</b>	
Information From <b>G.E. Kemp and N. Karabatsos</b>	Address <b>DVBVD, CDC, P.O. Box 2087, Fort Collins, Colorado 80522, USA</b>	
Information Footnote <b>Revised by editor</b>		

**Section II - Original Source**

Isolated By (name) <b>G.E. Kemp</b>	Isolated at Institute <b>Virus Res. Lab., U. Ibadan, Nigeria</b>	
Host Genus <b>Eidolon helvum (bat)</b>	Species	Host Age/Stage
Sex <b>Not Answered</b>		
<u>Isolated From</u>	<u>Isolation Details</u>	
<b>Serum/Plasma</b>		
Signs and Symptoms of Illness	Arthropod	
Time Held Alive before Inoculation		
Collection Method <b>Shooting of resting bats at roosting sites</b>	Collection Date <b>4/7/1971</b>	
Place Collected (Minimum of City, State, Country) <b>Ile Ife Univ. Campus, Ile Ife, Nigeria</b>		
Latitude <b>7° 33' N</b>	Longitude <b>4° 34' E</b>	
Macrohabitat <b>High forest vegetative zone</b>	Microhabitat <b>Oil palm trees</b>	Method of Storage until Inoculated <b>Liquid nitrogen</b>
Footnotes		

**Section III - Method of Isolation**

Inoculation Date

**4/9/1971**

Animal (Details will be in Section 6)

**nb mice**

Route Inoculated

**Intracerebral**

Reisolation

**Yes**

Other Reasons

**Virus distinct from others in laboratory; other isolates from bats collected in Nigeria and Cameroun.**

Homologous Antibody Formation by Source Animal

**Not tested**

Test(s) Used

Footnotes

**Section IV - Virus Properties**

Physicochemical

Pieces (number of genome segments)	Infectivity	Sedimentation Coefficients(s) (S)
Percentage wt, of Virion Protein	Lipid	Carbohydrate
Virion Polypeptides: Number	Details	
Non-virion Polypeptides: Number	Details	
Virion Density	Sedimentation Coefficients(s) (S)	
Nucleocapsid Density	Sedimentation Coefficients(s) (S)	

**Stability of Infectivity (effects)**

pH (infective range)

**Inactivated after 3 hours, 4C, pH 3.0: 2.0 dex; pH 7.8: 5.5 dex**

Lipid Solvent (ether - % used to test)	After Treatment Titer	Control Titer
Lipid Solvent (chloroform)	After Treatment Titer	Control Titer
<b>10%</b>	<b>5.3 dex</b>	<b>5.2 dex</b>
Lipid Solvent (deoxycholate)	After Treatment Titer	Control Titer
Other (formalin, radiation)		

**Virion Morphology**

Shape	Dimensions	
<b>Spherical</b>		
Mean	Range	
<b>65 nmnm</b>	<b>60-75 nmnm</b>	
Measurement Method	Surface Projections/Envelope	Nucleocapsid Dimensions, Symmetry
<b>Thin-section electron microscopy (1)</b>	<b>Occasional particle with pseudoenvelope</b>	

### Morphogenesis

Site of Constituent Formation in Cell	Site of Virion Assembly	Site of Virion Accumulation <b>Cytoplasm</b>
Inclusion Bodies <b>Fibrogranular cytoplasmic inclusions</b>	Other	

### Hemagglutination

Hemagglutination <b>No</b>	Antigen Source <b>SMB ext. by sucrose-acetone</b>	Erythrocytes (species used) <b>Goose</b>
pH Range <b>5.8-7.0</b>	pH Optimum	
Temperature Range <b>Room temperature</b>	Temperature Optimum	
Remarks		
Serologic Methods Recommended <b>CF</b>		
Footnotes		

### **Section V - Antigenic Relationship and Lack of Relationship to Other Viruses**

Previous serological studies conducted in Ibadan indicated that these isolates were unrelated by CF to any viruses held at the Ibadan laboratory [2].

Subsequently, 1:8 and 1:32 dilutions of a CF antigen for the IbAn 57245 strain (homologous titer = 256/64) were tested against and failed to react with a 1:4 dilution of the following NIH grouping fluids: Polyvalent Palyam (PAL, VEL, KAS, COR, ACD, EUB, PATA, DAG); Gr. Kemerovo; Polyvalent no. 8 (BLU, EHD, CGL, IRI, CTF, IbAr 22619). In addition, CF antigen and antibody for IbAn 57245 failed to react with systems for Eyach virus (256/>128), 5 strains of Orungo virus (32/64 to 256/32), Mitchell River virus (32/>32), Warrego virus (>256/>32), Japanaut virus (8/2), Lebombo virus (32/>32), and IbAr 39626 (256/>128). CF antigen for IbAn 57245 did not react with antibody to reovirus, type 3 (titer = 64). Umatilla rabbit antiserum (LNI = 3.0) did not neutralize Ife virus. YV177 virus (64/32), isolated from Eidolon helvum bats collected in Cameroun, reacted indistinguishably in CF with Ife virus and was considered to be a strain of Ife virus.

**Section VI - Biologic Characteristics**

Virus Source (all VERTEBRATE isolates)  
 Blood (LV), CNS (LV), salivary glands (LV)

Lab Methods of Virus Recovery (ALL ISOLATIONS)  
 Newborn mice

Cell system (a)	Virus passage history (b)	Evidence of Infection						
		CPE			PLAQUES			Growth Without CPE +/- (g)
		Day (c)	Extent (d)	Titer TCD50/ml (e)	Day (c)	Size (f)	Titer PFU/ml (e)	
BHK-21 (CL)	SM6	4	CPE					
Vero (CL)		4	CPE					
Vero (CL)	SM6 SH1 V1				6-7	< 1 mm	4.2*	

\* Expressed in dex

Vertebrate (species and organ) and arthropod	No. isolations/No. tested	No. with antibody/No. tested Test used	Country and region
Eidolon helvum bats (blood)	2/68		Ile Ife, Nigeria; 1971
Eidolon helvum bats	4 <sup>*</sup> /157		Abuja, Nigeria; 1971
Eidolon helvum bats (sal. gland)	1/55		Saa, Cameroun; 1971 (3)
Cricetomys Gambianus	8% CF		Zaria, Nigeria (5)
Arvicanthis niloticus	31% CF		Zaria, Nigeria (5)

\* Three isolates obtained from blood, CNS, and salivary glands from a single bat. The fourth isolate was obtained from salivary glands of another bat.

**Section VIII - Susceptibility to Experimental Infection (include viremia)**

Experimental host and age	Passage history and strain	Inoculation Route-Dose	Evidence of infection	AST (days)	Titer log <sub>10</sub> /ml
Mice (nb)	IbAn 57245, P-3	ic	Death	6.3	
Mice (nb)	P-3	ip	None		
Mice (nb)		sc			
Mice (wn)		ic			
Mice (wn)		ip			
mice (10 day)		ic	3/6 inoculated animals died		
mice (10 day)		ip	None		

**Section IX - Experimental Arthropod Infection and Transmission**

Arthropod species & virus source(a)	Method of Infection log <sub>10</sub> /ml (b)		Incubation period (c)		Transmission by bite (d)		Assay of arthropod, log <sub>10</sub> /ml (e)		
	Feeding	Injected	Days	°C	Host	Ratio	Whole	Organ	System

**Section X - Histopathology**

Character of lesions (specify host)

**SM, ic: Endothelial swelling, mononuclear perivascular cuffs, focal necrosis with mild polymorphonuclear infiltration, minimal neuronal degeneration.**

Inclusion Bodies

Intranuclear

Organs/Tissues Affected

**Basal portions of brain (4)**

Category of tropism

**CNS**

**Section XI - Human Disease**

In Nature

Residual

Death

Subclinical

Overt Disease

Clinical Manifestations

Number of Cases

Category (i.e. febrile illness, etc.)

**Section XII - Geographic Distribution**

Known (Virus detected)

**Nigeria, Cameroun (3)**

Suspected (Antibody only detected)

**Section XIII - References**

1. Cropp, C.B. Personal communication.
2. Kemp, G.E. and Moore, D.L. Unpublished data.
3. LeGondec, G. Personal communication.
4. Chandler, F. Personal communication.
5. Ezeifeke, G.O. et al. 1987. J. Wildlife Dis. 23: 663-665.

**Remarks**