

Virus Name: Itupiranga		Abbreviation: ITUV
Status Possible Arbovirus	Select Agent No	SALS Level 3
SALS Basis Insufficient experience with virus; i.e., experience factor from SALS surveys was less than 500 in laboratory facilities with low biocontainment.		
Other Information		
Antigenic Group ungrouped		

SECTION I - Full Virus Name and Prototype Number

Prototype Strain Number / Designation BeAr 312086	Accession Number	Original Date Submitted 4/13/1985
Family unclassified	Genus	
Information From F.P. Pinheiro and Amelia P.A.T. Rosa	Address Instituto Evandro Chagas, FSESP, Ministry of Health, CP-621, Belem, Para, Brazil	
Information Footnote Reviewed by editor		

Section II - Original Source

Isolated By (name) F. Pinheiro and Amelia P.A.T. Rosa	Isolated at Institute Instituto Evandro Chagas	
Host Genus Aedes (Och) serratus, pool of 15 mosquitoes	Species	Host Age/Stage adult
Sex Female		
<u>Isolated From</u>	<u>Isolation Details</u>	
Signs and Symptoms of Illness	Arthropod Depleted	
Time Held Alive before Inoculation 1 to 6 hours		
Collection Method	Collection Date 12/7/1976	
Place Collected (Minimum of City, State, Country) Fazenda, Burguinho, Itupiranga, Para		
Latitude 5° 20' S	Longitude 49° 15' W	
Macrohabitat tropical rain forest	Microhabitat ground level	Method of Storage until Inoculated liquid nitrogen and mechanical freezer (-60dC)
Footnotes		

Section III - Method of Isolation

Inoculation Date
12/16/1976

Animal (Details will be in Section 6)
nb mice

Route Inoculated
intracerebral

Reisolation
No

Other Reasons

Homologous Antibody Formation by Source Animal

Test(s) Used

Footnotes

Section IV - Virus Properties

Physicochemical

Pieces (number of genome segments)	Infectivity	Sedimentation Coefficients(s) (S)
Percentage wt, of Virion Protein	Lipid	Carbohydrate
Virion Polypeptides: Number	Details	
Non-virion Polypeptides: Number	Details	
Virion Density	Sedimentation Coefficients(s) (S)	
Nucleocapsid Density	Sedimentation Coefficients(s) (S)	

Stability of Infectivity (effects)

pH (infective range)

Lipid Solvent (ether - % used to test)	After Treatment Titer	Control Titer
Lipid Solvent (chloroform)	After Treatment Titer	Control Titer
Lipid Solvent (deoxycholate) 1:1000	After Treatment Titer 5.0 dex	Control Titer 6.5 dex
Other (formalin, radiation)		

Virion Morphology

Shape	Dimensions	
Mean nm	Range nm	
Measurement Method	Surface Projections/Envelope	Nucleocapsid Dimensions, Symmetry

Morphogenesis

Site of Constituent Formation in Cell	Site of Virion Assembly	Site of Virion Accumulation
Inclusion Bodies	Other	

Hemagglutination

Hemagglutination No	Antigen Source SMB ext. by sucrose-aceton + sonication	Erythrocytes (species used) goose
pH Range 5.8 - 7.0	pH Optimum	
Temperature Range room, 37dC	Temperature Optimum	
Remarks		
Serologic Methods Recommended CF and NT		
Footnotes		

Section V - Antigenic Relationship and Lack of Relationship to Other Viruses

Itupiranga virus mouse brain antigen did not react by CF with the following hyperimmune ascitic fluids: Groups A, B, C, Guama, Capim, Bunyamwera, and Phlebotomus fever, as well as Mirim, Oropouche, Utinga, Melao, Serra do Navio, Belem, Jurona, Tacaiuma, Piry, Cocal, Timbo, Chaco, Turlock, Group Changuinola, Amapari, Flexal, Kwatta, Mosqueiro, Marco, Tembe, Cotia-like, Agua Preta, Ieri, Araguari, Inhangapi, Aruac, Trinita, Pacora, Lukuni, mouse encephalomyelitis, Pacui, Acara, rabies, EMC, mouse hepatitis virus, BeAr 263191, Jacareacanga, Sena Madureira, BeAn 306770, Santarem, Para, Cuiaba, Mojui dos Campos, Mapuera, Xiburema, and herpes simplex.

In addition, no reaction by CF was found with the following NIH grouping immune fluids: Groups A, B, C, Guama, Capim, California, Bunyamwera, Phlebotomus fever, Tacaribe, Kemerovo, VSV, Simbu, polyvalents 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, Bwamba, Congo, Patois, Quarantil, Palyam, Anopheles A, and rabies/LCM.

At YARU, Itupiranga virus was unrelated by CF to Pichinde, Aguacate, Cacao, Caimito, Chilibre, Connecticut, Frijoles, La Joya, New Minto, Rio Grande, Group Sakhalin, Group Australia, Nariva, Boteke, Burg El Arab, Gomoka, Lebombo, Matariya, Malakal, Minnal, Nkolbisson, Okola, Wanowrie, Witwatersrand, Zinga, Arkonam, Puchong, Tataguine, Yogue, Hart Park, Mossuril, Charleville, Joinjakaka, Mt. Elgon bat, Navarro, Isfahan, rabies, Lagos bat, Duvenhage, Keuraliba, kotonkan, TB4-222, TB4-1054, 79V5816, 76V23524, and Enseada. It reacted to a dilution of 1:32 with a serum of DakA802 (homologous greater than 1:512) but attempts to confirm this reaction by IFA and PRNT in Vero cells were negative.

Section VI - Biologic Characteristics

Virus Source (all VERTEBRATE isolates)

Lab Methods of Virus Recovery (ALL ISOLATIONS)
newborn mice

Cell system (a)	Virus passage history (b)	Evidence of Infection						
		CPE			PLAQUES			Growth Without CPE +/- (g)
		Day (c)	Extent (d)	Titer TCD50/ml (e)	Day (c)	Size (f)	Titer PFU/ml (e)	
Vero (CL)	SMB 4	4-5	4+	>=8.5**				

** expressed in dex

Section VII - Natural Host Range (Additional text can be added below table)

Vertebrate (species and organ) and arthropod	No. isolations/No. tested	No. with antibody/No. tested Test used	Country and region
Culicidae	1/498 ^a		Three farm areas, Itupiranga, Para, Brazil; 1978
Culicidae	0/1,312		Itupiranga village, Para, Brazil; 1975
Culicidae	1/46,763 ^b		Sena Madureira, Acre, Brazil; 1978
Culicidae	1/6,088 ^c		Mato Grosso State, Brazil; 1982

^a Isolated from *Aedes (Och.) serratus*

^b Isolated from *Psorophora (Jan.) ferox*

^c Isolated from *Psorophora (Jan.) albipes*

Section XI - Human Disease

In Nature	Residual	Death
Subclinical	Overt Disease	
Clinical Manifestations		
Number of Cases	Category (i.e. febrile illness, etc.)	

Section XII - Geographic Distribution

Known (Virus detected)
Suspected (Antibody only detected)

Remarks

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