

<b>Virus Name: Moju</b>		<b>Abbreviation: MOJUV</b>
Status <b>Arbovirus</b>	Select Agent <b>No</b>	SALS Level <b>2</b>
SALS Basis <b>Results of SALS surveys and information from the Catalogue.</b>		
Other Information		
Antigenic Group <b>Guama</b>		

**SECTION I - Full Virus Name and Prototype Number**

Prototype Strain Number / Designation <b>BeAr 12590</b>	Accession Number	Original Date Submitted <b>1/27/1985</b>
Family <b>Bunyaviridae</b>	Genus <b>Bunyavirus</b>	
Information From <b>Belem Virus Lab</b>	Address <b>Belem Virus Laboratory, Instituto Evandro Chagas, Belem, Para, Brazil</b>	
Information Footnote <b>Reviewed by editor</b>		

**Section II - Original Source**

Isolated By (name) <b>Belem Virus Laboratory</b>	Isolated at Institute <b>Belem, Para, Brazil</b>	
Host Genus <b>Culex (Melanoconion) spp.</b>	Species	Host Age/Stage <b>Adult</b>
Sex <b>Female</b>		
<u>Isolated From</u>	<u>Isolation Details</u>	
Signs and Symptoms of Illness	Arthropod	
Time Held Alive before Inoculation		
Collection Method <b>Under hood over sentinel mice</b>	Collection Date <b>8/20/1959</b>	
Place Collected (Minimum of City, State, Country) <b>Instituto Agronomico do Norte Forest, Brazil</b>		
Latitude <b>2° S</b>	Longitude <b>48° W</b>	
Macrohabitat <b>Secondary growth forest</b>	Microhabitat <b>One meter above ground</b>	Method of Storage until Inoculated <b>At -60dC</b>
Footnotes		

**Section III - Method of Isolation**

Inoculation Date  
**8/24/1959**

Animal (Details will be in Section 6)  
**nb mice**

Route Inoculated  
**Intracerebral**

Reisolation  
**No**

Other Reasons

Homologous Antibody Formation by Source Animal

Test(s) Used

Footnotes

**Section IV - Virus Properties**

Physicochemical

Pieces (number of genome segments)	Infectivity	Sedimentation Coefficients(s) (S)
Percentage wt, of Virion Protein	Lipid	Carbohydrate
Virion Polypeptides: Number	Details	
Non-virion Polypeptides: Number	Details	
Virion Density	Sedimentation Coefficients(s) (S)	
Nucleocapsid Density	Sedimentation Coefficients(s) (S)	

**Stability of Infectivity (effects)**

pH (infective range)

Lipid Solvent (ether - % used to test)	After Treatment Titer	Control Titer
Lipid Solvent (chloroform)	After Treatment Titer	Control Titer
Lipid Solvent (deoxycholate)	After Treatment Titer	Control Titer
Other (formalin, radiation)		

**Virion Morphology**

Shape	Dimensions	
Mean nm	Range nm	
Measurement Method	Surface Projections/Envelope	Nucleocapsid Dimensions, Symmetry

**Morphogenesis**

Site of Constituent Formation in Cell	Site of Virion Assembly	Site of Virion Accumulation
Inclusion Bodies	Other	

---

**Hemagglutination**

Hemagglutination <b>Yes</b>	Antigen Source <b>SMB, serum ext. by sucrose-acetone; acetone</b>	Erythrocytes (species used) <b>Goose</b>
pH Range <b>5.7-6.4</b>	pH Optimum <b>6.0</b>	
Temperature Range	Temperature Optimum <b>27dC</b>	
Remarks		
Serologic Methods Recommended <b>HI, CF, NT</b>		
Footnotes		

Section V - Antigenic Relationship and Lack of Relationship to Other Viruses

Immune Serum	Antigen of Registered Virus					Antigen	Immune Serum of Registered Virus				
	HI		CF		NT		HI		CF		NT
	Ht/Ho	Ind.	Ht/Ho	Ind.	Ht/Ho		Ht/Ho	Ind.	Ht/Ho	Ind.	Ht/Ho
Guama	20/2560	1/128	128/256	1/2	1.5/3.9	GMA	160/320	1/2	64/64	1/1	2.9/3.0
Catu	40/640	1/16	64/256	1/4	0/3.1	Catu	0/320	0	64/64	1/1	0/3.0
AN 20525	80/80	1/1	64/256	1/4	0/3.0	AN 20525	0/320	0	16/64	1/4	1.1/3.0
Bimiti	20/ND		16/32	1/2		BIM			16/64	1/4	
Capim	10/320	1/32	0/256	0	0/2.2	CAP	0/320	0	0/64	0	0/3.0
Guajara	10/ND		0/128	0	0/2.3	GJA			0/64	0	0.8/3.0
AN 20076	0/80	0	0/256	0	0/2.0	AN 20076	0/320	0	4/64	1/16	0/3.0
Mirim	40/80	1/2	0/128	0		MIR	0/320	0	0/64	0	

All sera are mouse hyperimmune.

Bimiti serum homologous testing done by the Rockefeller Foundation Virus Laboratories, New York.

NT: LNI in dex

SIRACA has antigenically classified Moju virus as a distinct virus type and placed it in the Guama complex, one of five complexes comprising the Guama serogroup [5].

**Section VI - Biologic Characteristics**

Virus Source (all VERTEBRATE isolates)  
**Blood (M)**

Lab Methods of Virus Recovery (ALL ISOLATIONS)  
**Newborn mice, BHK-21 cell cultures**

Cell system (a)	Virus passage history (b)	Evidence of Infection							Growth Without CPE +/- (g)
		CPE			PLAQUES				
		Day (c)	Extent (d)	Titer TCD50/ml (e)	Day (c)	Size (f)	Titer PFU/ml (e)		
GMK (CL)	BeAr 12590,		CPE (2)						
Mouse embryo (PC)	P-4					Plaques (2)			
Vero (CL)					3	2 mm	6.3* (3)		
LLC-MK2 (CL)					6	1 mm	6.1 (3)		
* Expressed in dex									

Vertebrate (species and organ) and arthropod	No. isolations/No. tested	No. with antibody/No. tested Test used	Country and region
Sentinel Cebus	2		Para, Brazil (1)
Sentinel mouse	238/16,315		
Nectomys squamipes	4		
Oryzomys (2 spp.)	17	25/148 HI	Para, Brazil
Proechimys guyannensis	18	71/164 HI	
Oecomys	1		
Didelphis marsupialis	1		
Sabethini	1		Para, Brazil (1)
Mansonia spp.	2		Para, Brazil
Cq venezuelensis	2		
Culex portesi	1		
Culex (Mel) sp.	2		
Culex vomerifer	8		

Most of the mammal isolations were from blood.

Other animals with lower antibody rates included: Nectomys, Didelphis, Marmosa, and Caluromys.

**Section VIII - Susceptibility to Experimental Infection (include viremia)**

Experimental host and age	Passage history and strain	Inoculation Route-Dose	Evidence of infection	AST (days)	Titer log <sub>10</sub> /ml
Mice (nb)	P-4	ic 0.02	Death	4.0	8.3
Mice (nb)		ip 0.02	Death, viremia	4.3	
Mice (nb)		sc			
Mice (wn)		ic 0.03	Antibody		
Mice (wn)		ip 0.03	Antibody		
hamsters (ad)		ic,ip	Antibody		

**Section IX - Experimental Arthropod Infection and Transmission**

Arthropod species & virus source(a)	Method of Infection log <sub>10</sub> /ml (b)		Incubation period (c)		Transmission by bite (d)		Assay of arthropod, log <sub>10</sub> /ml (e)		
	Feeding	Injected	Days	°C	Host	Ratio	Whole	Organ	System

**Section X - Histopathology**

Character of lesions (specify host)  
**ad, nb mice; ic and ip: hydroptic tumefaction (4). Thymus lesion in one sentinel mouse (L.B. Dias).**

Inclusion Bodies Intranuclear

Organs/Tissues Affected  
**Brain (LV)**

Category of tropism  
**Neurotropic**

**Section XI - Human Disease**

In Nature	Residual	Death
Subclinical	Overt Disease	
Clinical Manifestations		
Number of Cases	Category (i.e. febrile illness, etc.)	

**Section XII - Geographic Distribution**

Known (Virus detected) <b>Brazil</b>
Suspected (Antibody only detected)

**Section XIII - References**

1. Woodall, J.P. 1967. Atas Simpos. Biota. Amazon. 6:31-63. 2. Pinheiro, F.P. Personal communication. 3. Stim, T.B. 1969. J. Gen. Virol. 5:329-338. 4. De Paola, D. 1963. An. Microbiol. 11:187-208. 5. Calisher, C.H., et al. 1985. Intervirology. To be submitted.
--

**Remarks**

--