Virus Name: New Minto Abbreviation: NMV

Status Select Agent SALS Level

Possible Arbovirus No 3

SALS Basis

Isufficient experience with virus; i.e., experience factor from SALS surveys was less than 500 in laboratory facilities with low biocontainment.

Other Information

Antigenic Group Sawgrass

0579

SECTION I - Full Virus Name and Prototype Number

Accession Number Original Date Submitted

Adult

Method of Storage until Inoculated

9/27/1984

Family Genus Rhabdoviridae Not listed

Prototype Strain Number / Designation

Information From Address

Donald G. Ritter Arctic Health Research Center, Fairbanks, Alaska, USA 99701

Information Footnote Reviewed by editor

Section II - Original Source

Isolated By (name) Isolated at Institute Donald G. Ritter (1) AHRC, Fairbanks, Alaska

Host Genus Species Host Age/Stage

Haemaphysalis leporispalustris

(Packard), pool of 9 ticks

Sex Female

> Isolated From Isolation Details

Signs and Symptoms of Illness Arthropod Engorged

Time Held Alive before Inoculation

Frozen immediately

Collection Method Collection Date Removed from asymptomatic hare 6/19/1972

(Lepus americanus)

Place Collected (Minimum of City, State, Country) 65 miles west of New Minto, Alaska, USA

Latitude Longitude 65° 9' N 149° 23' W

Macrohabitat Microhabitat

Boreal forest sloping southeastward

Recently cut road through mixed black Liquid nitrogen, then electrical toward Minto Flats spruce, birch, alder forest freezer at -85dC

Footnotes

Section III - Method of Isolation

Inoculation Date 2/20/1973

Animal (Details will be in Section 6)

nb mice

Route Inoculated Reisolation ic and ip Yes

Other Reasons

Two other strains isolated from H. leporispalustris ticks removed from L. americanus hares at New Minto.

Homologous Antibody Formation by Source Animal

Test(s) Used

Footnotes

Section IV - Virus Properties

Physicochemical

Sedimentation Coefficients(s) Pieces (number of genome segments) Infectivity

(S)

Control Titer

Percentage wt, of Virion Protein Carbohydrate Lipid

Virion Polypeptides: Number Details

Non-virion Polypeptides: Number Details

Virion Density Sedimentation Coefficients(s)

Nucleocapsid Density Sedimentation Coefficients(s)

Stability of Infectivity (effects)

pH (infective range)

Lipid Solvent (ether - % used to test) After Treatment Titer Control Titer

After Treatment Titer Control Titer Lipid Solvent (chloroform)

Lipid Solvent (deoxycholate) After Treatment Titer

1:1000 <3.2 dex 5.7 dex

Other (formalin, radiation)

Virion Morphology

Shape Dimensions Rhabdovirus morphology (2) 220 x 65 nm (2)

Range Mean

nm nm

Measurement Method Surface Projections/Envelope Nucleocapsid Dimensions, Symmetry **Morphogenesis**

Site of Constituent Formation in Cell Site of V

Site of Virion Assembly

Site of Virion Accumulation

Inclusion Bodies

Other

Hemagglutination

Hemaggiutination

Antigen Source

SMB ext. by sucrose-acetone

Erythrocytes (species used)

Goose

pH Range

6.0-6.7

No

pH Optimum

Temperature Range

Temperature Optimum

Remarks

Serologic Methods Recommended

CF, NT

Footnotes

Section V - Antigenic Relationship and Lack of Relationship to Other Viruses

Sucrose-acetone extracted antigen prepared from brains of SM infected with strain 0579 failed to react by CF with antisera representing 30 arbovirus groups. Hyperimmune mouse ascitic fluid prepared with strain 0579 was tested with antigens representing 204 individual arboviruses; reaction was noted only with Sawgrass antigen at 1:4.

		CF Antibody	y to:
Antigen	0579	SAW	Normal
0579	256	<8	<8
SAW	32	128	<8
Normal	<8	<8	<8

	Antibody to:					
Virus	0579	Sawgrass	Normal			
0579	160 ^a	10	<8			
	40	320	<8			

a Reciprocal of highest dilution producing >90% plaque-reduction.

Section VI - Biologic Characteristics

Virus Source (all VERTEBRATE isolates) CNS (M)

Lab Methods of Virus Recovery (ALL ISOLATIONS)

Newborn and weanling mice; embryonated eggs

Cell system (a)	Virus passage history (b)	Evidence of Infection						
	СРЕ			PLAQUES			Growth Without CPE	
		Day (c)	Extent (d)	Titer TCD50/ml (e)	Day (c)	Size (f)	Titer PFU/ml (e)	+/- (g)
Vero (CL)	None		No CPE					
Vero (CL)	SM 2					Plaques	3.7 (c)	
							6800000	

- (b) No virus isolated after one blind passage
- (c) Expressed in dex

Vertebrate (species and organ) and arthropod	No. isolations/No. tested	No. with antibody/No. tested Test used	Country and region
H. leporispalustris	3/59 pools		New Minto, Alaska, USA (1)
H. leporispalustris	0/589 pools		East central and central Alaska
Aedes spp. ^(a)	0/3,647		New Minto
Aedes spp.	0/13,592		East central and central Alaska
Other mosquitoes ^(b)	0/282		
Other mosquitoes	0/1		New Minto
Other (biting flies) ^(c)	0/2,866		
Other (biting flies)	0/48,633		East central and central Alaska
Mammals	0/712		
Mammals	0/39		New Minto
Birds	0/56		East central, central, south central, north slope Alaska
Human	0/325		East central Alaska

⁽a) New Minto - Ae excrucians (2,611); Ae punctor complex (256); Ae cinereus (130; Ae intrudens (115); Ae communis (41); Ae spp. dark legged (146); Ae fitchii (147); Ae spp. (201).

Central and East central - Ae excrucians (2,042); Ae punctor complex (6,051); Ae intrudens (247); Ae cinereus (498); Ae spp. dark legged (1,919); Ae fitchii (569); Ae communis (965); Ae spp. (1,301).

⁽b) New Minto - Culiseta alaskaensis (1). Central and East central - Culiseta alaskaensis (209); Cs impatiens (58); Anopheles earlei (14); Culex territans (1).

⁽c) New Minto - Simuliidae (453); Ceratopogonidae (2,411); Tabanidae (2). Central - Simuliidae (34,696); Ceratopogonidae (13,821); Tabanidae (116).

Section VIII - Susceptibility to Experimental Infection (include viremia)

Experimental host and age	Passage history and strain	Inoculation Route- Dose	Evidence of infection	(days)	Titer log10/ml
Mice (nb)	SM2	ic	Death	8	5.8
Mice (nb)		ip	None		<3.2
Mice (nb)	SM1	ic	Moribund days 8- 10	12-14	3.5
Mice (wn)	SM2	ic	None		<2.9
Mice (wn)		ip	None		<2.9
Mice (wn)		sc	None		<2.9

Section IX - Experimental Arthropod Infection and Transmission

Arthropod species & virus source(a)	Method of Infection log10/ml (b)		Incubation period (c)		Transmision by bite (d)		Assay of arthropod, log10/ml (e)		
	Feeding	Injected	Days	°C	Host	Ratio	Whole	Organ	Systen
7.	Lis s			51 1			1		

Section X - Histopathology
Intranuclear

	Section XI - Human Disease	•	
In Nature	Residual	Death	
Subclinical	Overt Disease		
Clinical Manifestations			
Number of Cases	Category (i.e. febrile illness, etc.)		

Section XII - Geographic Distribution

Known (Virus detected)

Alaksa, USA

Suspected (Antibody only detected)

Section XIII - References

- 1. Ritter, D.G. et al. 1978. Can. J. Microbiol. 24:422-426.
- 2. Murphy, F.A., and Whitfield, S. Personal communication. 1977.

Remarks

By CF all 3 strains appear to be identical. AST of all 3 strains decreased from 12-14 days (SM1) to 8 days (SM3). Both New Minto and the serologic relative, Sawgrass virus, were shown to be rhabdoviruses by electron microscopy (2).