

Virus Name: Soldado		Abbreviation: SOLV
Status Arbovirus	Select Agent No	SALS Level 2
SALS Basis Results of SALS surveys and information from the Catalogue.		
Other Information		
Antigenic Group Hughes		

SECTION I - Full Virus Name and Prototype Number

Prototype Strain Number / Designation TRVL 52214	Accession Number	Original Date Submitted 12/18/1984
Family Bunyaviridae	Genus Nairovirus	
Information From Trinidad Regional Virus Laboratory	Address P.O. Box 164, Port-of-Spain, Trinidad	
Information Footnote Reviewed by editor		

Section II - Original Source

Isolated By (name) TRVL (1)	Isolated at Institute Port-of-Spain, Trinidad	
Host Genus Ornithodoros capensis and/or O. denmarki (Older than 1st nymphs)	Species	Host Age/Stage 5 nymphs
Sex Not Answered		
<u>Isolated From</u>	<u>Isolation Details</u>	
Signs and Symptoms of Illness	Arthropod	
Time Held Alive before Inoculation		
Collection Method Collected from Brown Noddy Tern Anous stolidus	Collection Date 6/16/1963	
Place Collected (Minimum of City, State, Country) Soldado Rock, Trinidad		
Latitude 10° 42' N	Longitude 62° 56' W	
Macrohabitat Rocky off-shore tropical island; sanctuary for sea birds	Microhabitat Naked rock with some low shrubs, grasses and herbs	Method of Storage until Inoculated Mechanical deep freeze at -56dC
Footnotes		

Section III - Method of Isolation

Inoculation Date
7/24/1963

Animal (Details will be in Section 6)
nb mice

Route Inoculated
Intracerebral

Reisolation
No

Other Reasons

Homologous Antibody Formation by Source Animal

Test(s) Used

Footnotes

Section IV - Virus Properties

Physicochemical

Pieces (number of genome segments)	Infectivity	Sedimentation Coefficients(s) (S)
Percentage wt, of Virion Protein	Lipid	Carbohydrate
Virion Polypeptides: Number	Details	
Non-virion Polypeptides: Number	Details	
Virion Density	Sedimentation Coefficients(s) (S)	
Nucleocapsid Density	Sedimentation Coefficients(s) (S)	

Stability of Infectivity (effects)

pH (infective range)

Lipid Solvent (ether - % used to test) 1:2	After Treatment Titer <1.6 dex	Control Titer 2.8 dex
Lipid Solvent (chloroform)	After Treatment Titer	Control Titer
Lipid Solvent (deoxycholate)	After Treatment Titer	Control Titer

Other (formalin, radiation)

Virion Morphology

Shape Bunyavirus-like (5)	Dimensions	
Mean nm	Range nm	
Measurement Method Electron microscopy (5)	Surface Projections/Envelope Trilamellar, envelope present; 8-9 nm in diameter (5)	Nucleocapsid Dimensions, Symmetry

Morphogenesis

Site of Constituent Formation in Cell	Site of Virion Assembly	Site of Virion Accumulation
Inclusion Bodies	Other	

Hemagglutination

Hemagglutination Not tried	Antigen Source	Erythrocytes (species used)
--------------------------------------	----------------	-----------------------------

pH Range	pH Optimum
----------	------------

Temperature Range	Temperature Optimum
-------------------	---------------------

Remarks

Serologic Methods Recommended
CF

Footnotes

Section V - Antigenic Relationship and Lack of Relationship to Other Viruses

TRVL 52214 CF antigen with titer of 64 did not react in dilutions 1/4, 1/16, and 1/64 with potent immune fluids prepared with: Group A, group B, California group polyvalent, Colorado tick fever, Hughes, Wad Medani (2 strains), Quaranfil, Chenuda, Nyamaninni, Nyando, mouse encephalomyelitis (GD1), Guaroa, mouse hepatitis (Tr 23421), Ganjam, IG 673, Bhanja, Ilesha, Uukuniemi, Kairi, Kemerovo, Manzanilla, Oropouche, Silverwater, Simbu, Thogoto, Tacaiuma, Tacaribe, Calovo, Turlock, Congo, Wyeomyia, Kowanyama, LCM, Newcastle disease virus, California encephalitis. Hughes virus antigen with titer of 32 did not react with TRVL 52214 serum with titer of 256.

These CF tests were done by Dr. J. Casals, Yale Arbovirus Research Unit.

NOTE: Later studies at YARU (1970) have shown the Soldado virus to be antigenically related to the Hughes virus; by CF but not by NT in Vero cell cultures.

Section VI - Biologic Characteristics

Virus Source (all VERTEBRATE isolates)
 Blood (LV), CNS (LV), heart (LV), lung (LV), gizzard and
 pooled organs of birds (9,10)

Lab Methods of Virus Recovery (ALL ISOLATIONS)
 Newborn mice; BS-C-1 and chick embryo cell cultures

Cell system (a)	Virus passage history (b)	Evidence of Infection							Growth Without CPE +/- (g)			
		CPE			PLAQUES							
		Day (c)	Extent (d)	Titer TCD50/ml (e)	Day (c)	Size (f)	Titer PFU/ml (e)					
Vero (CL)			CPE									
BHK-21 (CL)			No CPE						-			

Section VII - Natural Host Range (Additional text can be added below table)

Vertebrate (species and organ) and arthropod	No. isolations/No. tested	No. with antibody/No. tested Test used	Country and region
Ornithodoros capensis and/or O. denmarki	1/117 pools (3,639 ticks)		Soldado Rock, Trinidad, 1961-65
Ornithodoros (A.) capensis	1		Lake Shalla, Ethiopia (3)
Ornithodoros (A.) capensis	7		Seychelles, Indian Ocean (4)
O. (A.)maritimus	1		Northern Wales, Great Britain (4)
O. (A.)maritimus	8/92		Cape Frehel, Cotes- du-Nord, France(5)
O. cpaensis	14		Northern Senegal, 1977 (6)
O. (A.) maritimus	1		Essaovira, Morocco (7)

Section VIII - Susceptibility to Experimental Infection (include viremia)

Experimental host and age	Passage history and strain	Inoculation Route- Dose	Evidence of infection	AST (days)	Titer log ₁₀ /ml
Mice (nb)	SMB 4	ic 0.02	Death	9-11	4.7
Mice (nb)	SMB 3	ip 0.03	None		
Mice (nb)		sc			
Mice (wn)		ic 0.03	Death	9-11	
Mice (wn)		ip 0.03	None		

Section IX - Experimental Arthropod Infection and Transmission

Arthropod species & virus source(a)	Method of Infection log ₁₀ /ml (b)		Incubation period (c)		Transmission by bite (d)		Assay of arthropod, log ₁₀ /ml (e)		
	Feeding	Injected	Days	°C	Host	Ratio	Whole	Organ	System
	Ornithodoros capensis, 1 female, 2 nymphs; each transmitted virus by bite to a baby chick which became viremic (3).								

Section X - Histopathology

Character of lesions (specify host)

Inclusion Bodies

Intranuclear

Organs/Tissues Affected

Category of tropism

Section XI - Human Disease

In Nature

Residual

Death

Subclinical

Overt Disease

Clinical Manifestations

Number of Cases

Category (i.e. febrile illness, etc.)

Section XII - Geographic Distribution

Known (Virus detected)

Ethiopia (3); Seychelles, Indian Ocean (4); Wales (4); France (5); Senegal (6); Morocco (7), Trinidad

Suspected (Antibody only detected)

Section XIII - References

1. Taylor, R.M. Comp. 1967. Catalogue of Arthropod-borne Viruses, 1st Ed., p. 793. U.S. Government Printing Office.
2. Jonkers, A.H., et al. 1973. J. Med. Ent. 10:517-519.
3. Hoogstraal, H. 1973. In A.J. Gibbs, ed., Viruses and Vertebrates, No. Holland Publ. Co., Amsterdam, pp. 349-390.
4. Converse, J.D., et al. 1975. Am. J. Trop. Med. Hyg. 24:1010-1018.
5. Chastel, C., et al. 1979. Arch. Virol. 60:153-159.
6. Main, A.J., et al. 1980. J. Med. Ent. 17:380-382.
7. Chastel, C., et al. 1981. Bull. Soc. Path. Exot., Paris 74:499-505.

Remarks