# Public Use Data Tape Documentation 

## Spirometry-Best Trials Only

 Ages 25-74Tape Number 4250
National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, 1971-75
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES • Public Health Service - National Center for Health Statistics


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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Public Health Service
National Center tor Health Statistics

Hyattsville, Maryland
November 1985

The data compilation and documentation necessary for the Spirometry Data Tape were done by Terence Drizd, John Varty, Evelyn Stanton, Mary Dudley, and Everette Collins of the Division of Health Examination Statistics, National Center for Health Statistics.
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## SPIROMETRY TATA TAPE

## Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, HANES I, 1971-1975

Description of Survey: A detailed description of the design, content and operation of the HANES I is provided in the following reports: Plan and Operation of the Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, NIEW, Pub. No. (HSM) 73-1310, Series 1, Nos. 10a and 10b, Public Health Service, Washington, D. C., U.S. Government Printing Office, February 1973. Also provided is a report on the augmentation survey of adults describing the relevant field work conducted between July 1974 and October 1975 (Plan and Operation of the HANES I Augmentation Survey of Adults 25-74 Years, United States, 1974-1975, NHEW, Pub. No. (PHS) 78-1314, Series 1, No. 14, Public Health Service, Washington, D. C., U.S Government Printing Office, June, 1978.)

Target Population: HANES I was conducted on a nationwide probability sample of approximately 32,000 persons, ages $1-74$ years, from the civilian, noninstitutionalized population of the coterminous United States, excepting those persons residing on Indian reservations. The survey started in April 1971 and for many survey components was completed in June 1974. The HANES I sample was selected so that certain population groups thought to be at high risk of malnutrition (persons with low incomes, preschool children, women of childbearing age and the elderly) were oversampled at known rates. Adjusted sampling weights were then conputed within 60 age, sex and race categories in order to inflate the sample in such a manner as to closely reflect the noninstitutionalized population, ages $1-74$, of the United States at the midpoint of the survey.

Although the main emphasis of HANES I was on nutrition, a subset of those sample persons aged 25-74 received a more detailed health examination which was continued through October 1975. No particular over sampling of subgroups of the population was done in this subsample (e.g. women of childbearing age were not oversampled as they were for the cajor nutrition component of HANES I). This subsample is also representative of the United States population aged $25-74$ during the time of HANES I.

After the nutrition survey was completed, the detailed examination given to the $25-74$ age group was continued until the total number of examined persons was approximately double the number of examinees who received the detailed examination during the nutrition survey.

Data Collection: Information for all examined sample persons in HANES I was obtained by means of a household interview, a general medical history, a 24 -hour dietary intake recall interview, a food frequency interview, a food program questionnaire, a general medical examination, dental, dercatological and ophthalmological examinations, anthropometric meas:rement, hand-wrist x-rays (of those ages $1-17$ only) and 24 hematological, blood chenistry, and urological laboratory determinations.

In addition to the information received on all examined persons by means of the above questionnaires, procedures and measurements, the following data were gathered on the subsample of adults aged 25-74: a medical history supplement; supplementary questionnaires concerning
arthritis, respiratory and cardiovascular conditions (when applicable); . a health care needs questionnaire; a general well-being questionnaire; an extended medical examination; x-rays of the chest and hip and knee joints; audiometry; electrocardiography; goniometry; spirometry; pulmonary diffusion and tuberculin tests; along with additional laboratory determinations.

With the goal of mutual benefit, NCHS requests the cooperation of recipients of data tapes in certain actions related to their use:
A. Any published material derived from the data should acknowledge the National Center for Health Statistics as the original source. It should include also a disclaimer which credits any analyses, interpretations, or conclusions reached to the author (recipient of the tape) and not to NCHS, which is responsible only for the initial data. B. Consumers who wish to publish a technical description of the data will make a'resonable effort to insure that the description is not inconsistent with that published by NCHS. This does not mean, however, that NCHS will review such descriptions.

## Errors in the Data Sets and Survey Differences

The data users tapes have been subjected to a great deal of careful editing. However, due to the large volume of data in the series, it is likely that a small number of errors or discrepancies remaiz undetected. We.would appreciate if any such errors are detected that they be brought to our attention so that new corrected copies of the tape. can be created and errata sheets issued to previous purchasers.

Some of the continuous data items have extremely high or low values and we have verified that they do in fact appear that way on the hard documents; that is, we have verified that che values have not been incorrectly keyed.

In general, we have not attempted to resolve any differences that may exist between estimates derived from the various subsamples of HANES I. Nor have we made any comparisons between estimates f:om HANES I and previous surveys conducted by the Division of Health Examination Statistics.

## Variance Estimation

Because the Health and Nutrition Examination Survey is based upon a complex sample design, the assumptions of many statistical tests and routinely available statistical programs are not met. For this reason, when estimates of the variances of statistics from HANES are computed, the technique of estimation must be based upon complex sampling theory. In order to provide the user with the capability of estimating the complex sample variances, we have provided Strata and Primary Sampling Unit (PSU) codes on the HANES user tapes in tape positions 194-198. However, these codes are suitable for making variance estimates only for examination locations 1-65 and 1-100. To compute variance estimates for examination locations 1-35 or 66-100, it is necessary to recode the current Strata-PSU codes according to the specifications that follow. The resultant recoded Strata-PSU codes should be used only for locations 1-35 and 66-100.

One computer program that should be widely available sometime around the summer of 1978 as part of the Statistical Analysis System (available from the SAS Institute, Inc., Post Office Box 10066, Raleigh, North Carolina 27605) is capable of using the Strata-PSU codes provided for HANES to compute complex sample variances. Other programs may also be available.

In those Strata, referred to as certainty or self-representing Strata, the PSU codes are actually the segment numbers. Neither the Strata codes nor the PSU codes are the original codes used in the formation of the HANES sample design, but are none-the-less a unique recoding of the original codes. For further discussion of the sample design of HANES, the user should consult the publications of the National Center for Health Statistics-Series 1-Nos. 10a and 14 and the detailed note for tape positions 158-193.

Recode Specifications for Strata-PSU Codes
First.--Create a file with only those records in the file for examination locations 1-35.*

Second.--Retain the original Strata-PSU codes in Strata 7-10 and 13 in the original form as the recoded Strata-PSU codes.

Third.--Recode the remaining strata according to the chart below.
Fourth.--Repeat the process for examination locations 66-100.*

01d Strata *
(tape positions 194-195) New Strata \#_ New PSU \#

| 01 | 01 | 001 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 02 | 01 | 002 |
| 03 | 03 | 001 |
| 06 | 03 | 002 |
| 04 | 04 | 001 |
| 05 | 04 | 002 |
| 11 | 11 | 001 |
| 12 | 11 | 002 |
| 14 | 14 | 001 |
| 21 | 14 | 002 |
| 15 | 15 | 001 |
| 16 | 15 | 002 |
| 17 | 17 | 001 |
| 20 | 17 | 002 |
| 18 | 18 | 001 |
| 19 | 18 | 002 |
| 22 | 22 | 001 |
| 25 | 22 | 002 |
| 23 | 23 | 001 |
| 24 | 23 | 002 |
| 26 | 26 | 001 |
| 27 | 26 | 002 |
| 28 | 28 | 001 |
| 29 | 28 | 002 |
| 30 | 30 | 001 |
| 35 | 30 | 002 |
| 31 | 31 | 001 |
| 32 | 31 | 002 |
| 33 | 33 | 001 |
| 34 | 33 | 002 |

*See detailed note for tape positions 158-193.
Title: Spirometry Data Tape
Catalog Number: ..... 4250
Data Set Name: HEHANESI.DU425001
Record Length: ..... 525
Blocksize: ..... 3675
Number of Records: ..... 6913
Number of Reels: ..... 1
Pecording Mode: Fixed Block, EBCDIC
Channel: 9 track
Created by: Division of Health Examination Statistics National Center for Health Statistics Hyattsville, Maryland

Asterisks on the Tape Description: Some of the data items were obtained only for a particular subsample of HANES. Consequently some of these items appear to have a great deal of missing data (coded as BLANK) due to nonresponse, but in fact the data is missing because the design of HANES dictated that the item was to be obtained only for a particular subsample. (For further discussion of the various subsamples in HANES the user should see the detailed note for tape positions 158-193).

To alert the user to this fact asterisks were put on the tape description. One asterisk denotes that the data item was obtained only on examinees at locations 1-65.

Demographic Information: An advance letter, announcing the forthcoming arrival of an $\_$nterviewer from the $U . S$. Bureau of the Census, was mailed to each household that fell into the sample area. The interviewer subsequently visited the household to ascertain its composition and. to administer a quastionnaire, the primary purpose of which was to obtain demographic information. The questionnaire was administered to each potential sample person that was available and competent enough to respond to questions. In the event that a potential sample person was not at home at the time of interview, any responsible adult in the household was asked to respond to the questions for the absent person.

Demographic information for each of the examinees appears in tape positions 1-200.

Test Instruction and Performance: The 6,913 examinees included in the detailed sample were eligible to perform the Forced Expiratory Spirogram (FES). This test provides measures of respiratory performance and is the only effort-dependent test conducted in HANES I. The FES, as administered by the HANES I technicians, consisted of five (5) maximal expirations. After a careful, standardized explanation and demonstration by the technician, the examinee was required to inhale maximally from room air. Then, after the technician had started the recording equipment, the examinee placed the tube of the spirometer into his own mouth, over the tongue, and exhaled as quickly and completely as possible. During the whole trial, the technician verbally exhorted the examinee to a maximum effort. At the end of each trial, the examinee was allowed to rest for a few moments while the technician provided remedial instruction, if necessary.

At the end of the five-trial set, the technician evaluated the paper tracings of the trials generated by the recording equipment (see Data Recording System Section). The primary criteria for acceptance were reproducibility (trials with over three liters of volume had to be within $5 \%$ of each other on the best two trials; those under three liters were required to agree within $10 \%$ ) and acceptable flow rate patterns. Additionally, the technicians were trained to recognize procedural errors (Venturi's, inhalation artifacts, etc.) and to void trials on which these occurred. If a set of five trials did not satisfy these criteria, the examinee was asked to rest a short time and then return for another set of five trials. If the second set was still not acceptable, the examinee was asked to rest a longer time (20 minutes), and the chief technician then administered a final set of five trials.

For several reasons, not all examinees performed an acceptable FES. No examinee was allowed to perform an FES prior to receiving the physician's examination, and in a number of cases the physician dictated that the examinee not perform the FES. Also, as with any effort-dependent test, some of the subjects were unwilling to exert themselves sufficiently to generate acceptable data. Finally, a number of the subjects experienced insuperable difficulty in understanding the instructions or performing the test, due to language difficulties, mental insufficiency, physical disabilities, or excessive discomfort.

Data Reduction: The raw data was recorded on 9 -track magnetic computer tape. Two hundred and seventy-five (275) of these tapes (which contained both EKG and spirometry data as well as identifying information at the head of each record) were generated by the Mobile Examination Centers and were sent to the NCHS computer center in Research Triangle Park, North Carolina, for eventual analysis by the IBM 370-158 located on the premises.

Data reduction was a six-step process. At each step of the process, the output was reviewed by an analyst whose sole responsibility was the preparation of this data set for release to the general public. Errors in the identifying information were corrected; truncated and blank records were deleted; and electronic noise 'spikes" were removed via linear interpolation.

For each spirometry effort, 9216 eight-bit bytes of information were recorded. These included 18 bytes of identifying information and 4599 two-byte data words, representing 9.198 seconds of the volume signal sampled at the rate of 500 samples per second. Electrocardiographic (EKG) examinations were also performed during the HANES I. The signal was sampled at the same rate and recorded on the magnetic tape as well.

The first step of the six-step process mentioned above involved the separation of the spirometric data from the EKG data, with a consequent reduction to only 18 reels of high-density (6250 bit-per-inch) tape. Juring this step all identification information was verified or corrected as necessary. The second step consisted of the calculation of some simple statistics (minimum, maximum, mean, standard deviation, minimum and maximum one-point derivatives, and minimum and maximum moving three-point median derivatives) to assess the quallity of each record and to insure that each was of the type indicated by the identification information (electronic calibration, pneumatic calibration, or spirogram). Again, incorrect identification information was corrected and it was during this step that incomplete or blank records were identified and deleted. Noise "spikes," usually of a duration of less than two or three 500ths of a second, were replaced with linearly interpolated values.

The third step consisted of the calculation of a calibration constant for each tape, using the pneumatic calibration, as described in another publication. ${ }^{1}$ This step was necessary because the conversion from analog signal to digital representation was not a strict one-to-one relationship and because differences in equipment condition, power characteristics, etc., created a variable relationship between volume input and digital representation output. At the beginning of each tape and at the begimning of each test session, the technician configured the spirometer (an Ohio 800) to generate a sinusoidal wave of five liters amplitude. The digital amplitudes were calculated from the recorded data, and the ratio of the two amplitudes was used as a calibration constant to be applied to the data recorded on that tape. If the coefficient of variation for the amplitudes exceeded three percent, (that is, the standard deviation of the recorded amplitudes was greater than three percent of the mean of the amplitudes) the data on the tape was fragmented until no fragment had a coefficient of variation greater than three percent.

The fourth step concerned estimating the stability of the signal. This step was crucial, since the subsequent program which generated the parameters for each trial used this estimate to establish "windows" around certain criteria for identifying critical points in the trial, such as zero time. The estimate was derived by first identifying the end of the baseline of the spirogram using the gross criterion of the first one-point positive derivative greater than one liter per second plus a user-supplied tolerance for baseline variability. If the baseline was over 0.15 seconds long, all the one-point derivatives for the baseline were summed. The same process was applied to all the spirograms, the mean and standard deviation of the baseline derivatives were calculated, and the Iatter value, if acceptable, was used as input into the parameter calculation program.

The fifth step involved the calculation of the 55 parameters (positions 226-500) described in the tape documentation. The methodology used in this step is described alength in another publication. ${ }^{1}$ The output from this step is available on request.

Finally, a best trial for each subject was chosen, using the simple criterion of highest summed Forced Vital Capacity (FVC) and Forced Expiratory Volume at one second $\left(\mathrm{FEV}_{1}\right)$. Subjects with no trials free of procedural errors were deleted. Reproducibility was evaluated using the criteria described in the section on Test Instruction and Performance, and a reproducibility code was appended.

Lastuly, a provisional diagnosis was made (based on the $\mathrm{FEV}_{1} / F V C$ ratio and the relationship between predicted and observed FVC's), and a diagnostic code of normal, restrictive, obstructive or restrictive/obstructive was appended (see detailec nate-Pos. 515). The output from this step consisted of 5,544 trials.

1/ Discher, D., et al. "Computer Assisted Spirometry Data Analysis Program for the HANES, 1971-1980''. In press.

Data Recording System: The instrumentation used to acquire and store the spirometry signals consisted of an electronic spirometer, a storage $X-Y$ oscilloscope to display the flow-volume curve, a linear strip chart recorder to provide a permanent record of the volume signal, and a data acquisition unit to encode, convert, and record the volume signal on digital tape.

The spirometer used for all trials was a Model 800 "electronic" spirometer manufactured by Ohio Medical Instruments Corporation. Through the use of a low-voltage potentiometer, this spirometer converts the volume of expired air to a current that is transmitted to the Ohio Flow-Volume Converter. Here the signal is filtered, amplified, and converted to digital form. The volume signal was recorded on a digital base acquisition system (Beckman Digicorder Model No. DRS-1000) along with 18 digits of identifying information for each recordsentered on thumb) wheel switches by the technician.

The X-Y oscilloscope and the strip chart recorder were used by the technician for monitoring purposes while conducting the examination. The former provided a temporary graphic record of the relationship between volume and flow on each trilal, allowed estimates of maximun flow and total volume expired at the end of each trial, and facilitated technician detection of procedural errors. The strip chart recorder, along with providing a permanent record, was used by the technicians to check for a sufficient baseline and a satisfactory termination of effort and to establish reproducibility.

Along with electrocardiographic and spirometric data, two types of calibration records were generated. The first type, a five-volt square wave, was generated by the technician at the beginning of each FES, using the signal generation capability of the Flow-Volume Converter. These records were used to evaluate the functioning of the electronic portion of the system, and were called electronic calibrations.

The other type of calibration record, a pneumatic calibration, was generated by the spirometer itself. An internal volume pump was used to drive the spirometer piston to "inhale" and "exhale" exactly five liters of air. The sinusoidal wave thus generated and recorded was measured by computer analysis and used to estimate a calibration constant (see section on Data Reduction.)

Quality Control and Technician Retraining: Several quality control systems were employed during the collection of spirometric data during HANES I. These systems were complementary in that they monitored different facets of the data collection process, but the most important of them involved periodic field visits to the mobile examination centers (MEC's) by qualified spirometric consultants. During these visits, the consultant observed the administration of at least one FES by each technician. At the completion of the testing session, and after reviewing a sample of all the strip charts recorded at that location, the consultant usually held a classroom discussion for the technicians to explain errors in technique, to provide some understanding of the physiology of spirometry, and to suggest ways to improve examinee cooperation.

Additionally, the chief technician was required to review a sample of all the strip charts recorded at each location and to provide retraining as necessary. When a field visit was not scheduled the strip charts were often sent to the consultant who reviewed them and sent his comments and suggestions both to the field staff and to headquarters, where they came to the attention of the supervisory technician and responsible analytic personnel.

Finally, during the setup of the MEC's at most sites, a biomedical engineer checked equipment performance and made any necessary repairs or adjustments, based on a number of calibration techniques available to him. Test tapes were not generated at that time due to the unavailability of analysis programs.

## DEMOGRAPHIC DATA SUMMARY - HANES I

Tape
Positions
Sample sequence number ..... 1
Size of place ..... 10
SMSA-not SMSA ..... 11
Type of living quarters ..... 12
Land usage ..... 13
If rural, asked - How many acres of land are included ..... 14
If 10 acres or more asked - Sale of crops, etc. amount to $\$ 50$ or more ..... 15
If 10 acres or less asked - Sale of crops, etc. amount to $\$ 250$ or more ..... 16
Age - head of household ..... 17
Sex - head of household ..... 19
Highest grade attended - head of household ..... 20
Race - head of household ..... 22
Total number of persons in household ..... 23
Total sample persons in household ..... 25
Number of rooms in house ..... 27
Is there piped water ..... 28
If yes, is there hot and cold piped water ..... 29
If yes to piped water - Does house have a sink with piped water ..... 30
Does house have a range or cook stove ..... 31
Does house have a refrigerator. ..... 32
Are kitchen facilities used by anyone not living in household ..... 33
Total family income group ..... 34
NOTE: The following inceme questions were asked only if "Total Family Income" was less than \$7,000
During Past Year Did you or Any Members of Your lamily Receive Money From:
Wages or salaries ..... 36
If yes - How much altogether before deductions ..... 37
Social Security or Railroad Retirement ..... 41
If yes - How much altogether ..... 42
Welfare payments or other public assistance ..... 46
If yes - How much altogether ..... 47
Unemployment or Workman's Compensation ..... 51
If yes - How much altogether ..... 52
Government employee pensions or private pensions ..... 56
If yes - How much altogether ..... 57
Dividends, interest or rent ..... 61
If yes - How ruich altogether ..... 62
Net income from.own non-farm business, professional practice or partzership ..... 66
If yes - How much al together ..... 67
Net income from a farm ..... 71
If yes - How much altogether ..... 72
Veteran's payrents ..... 76
If yes - How much altogether ..... 77
Alimony, child support or contributions from persons not living in household ..... 81
If yes - How much altogether ..... 82
Any other income ..... 86
If yes - How much altogether ..... 87
Total amount ..... 91
Family unit code ..... 95
Relationship to head of household ..... 100
Age at interview ..... 101
Race of examined person ..... 103
Sex of examined person ..... 104
Marital status ..... 105
Date of birth (month and year) ..... 106
Place of birth ..... 110
Highest grade of regular school ever attended ..... 112
Did he finish the grade ..... 114
Is he attending school now ..... 115
Has he ever attended a school of any kind ..... 116
If yes - What kind of school ..... 117
Is any language other than English frequently spoken in the household ..... 118
If yes - What language ..... 119
What is your main ancestry or national origin ..... 120
What was he doing most of past three months ..... 122
If "something else" - What was he doing ..... 123
If "keeping house" or "something else" - Did he work at a job orbusiness at any time during the past three months124
If "working" - Did he work full-time or part-time ..... 125
Did he work at any time last week or the week before (not around house) ..... 126
If no - Even though he did not work during that time, does he have a job or business ..... 127
Tape Positions
Was he looking for work or on lay-off from a job ..... 128
If yes - Which ..... 129
Class of worker ..... 130
If self-employed in "own" business and not a farm, is the business incorporated ..... 131
Business or industry code ..... 132
Occupation code ..... 135
Date of examination ..... 138
Age at examination ..... 144
Fara/non-farm ..... 146
Poverty index ..... 147
Region ..... 150
SAMPLE WEIGHTS ..... 158
STRATA - Primary Sampling Unit ..... 194

## SPIROMETRY DATA TAPE SUMMARY - HANES I

TapePositions
Catalog Number. ..... 201
Height. ..... 205
Height Inputation Code ..... 208
Weight. ..... 209
Weight Imputation Code ..... 214
Technician Number ..... 215
Reliability Code ..... 217
Trial Number. ..... 218
Time of achieving 0.2 liters volume, measured from start of expiration ..... 226
Flow at 0.2 liters volume ..... 231
Volume at $1 / 4$ seconds after start of expiration. ..... 236
Flow at $1 / 4$ seconds after start of expiration. ..... 241
Time of peak flow, measured from start of expiration ..... 246
Volume at peak flow. ..... 251
Peak flow. ..... 256
Time of achieving 1.0 liters volume, measured from start of expiration. ..... 261
Flow at 1.0 liters volume ..... 266
Volume at $1 / 2$ seconds _fter start of expiration ..... 271
Flow at $1 / 2$ seconds after start of expiration ..... 276
Volume at time of peak flow plus . 10 seconds ..... 281
Flow at time of peak flow plius . 10 seconds ..... 286
Time of achieving 1.2 liters volume, measured from start of expiration ..... 291
Flow at 1.2 liters volume ..... 296
Volume at $3 / 4$ seconds after start of expiration ..... 301
Flow at $3 / 4$ seconds after start of expiration ..... 306
Volume at time of peak flow plus . 50 seconds ..... 311
Flow at time of peak flow plus .50 seconds ..... 316
Time of achieving 2.0 liters volume, measured from start of expiration. ..... 321
Flow at 2.0 liters volume ..... 326
Volume at 1.0 seconds after start of expiration ..... 331
Flow at 1.0 seconds after start of expiration ..... 336
Volume at time of peak flow plus 1.0 seconds. ..... 341
Flow at time of peak flow plus 1.0 seconds ..... 346
Time of achieving 3.0 liters volume, measured from start of expiration. ..... 351
Flow at 3.0 liters volume ..... 356
Volume at 2.0 seconds after start of expiration. ..... 361
Flow at 2.0 seconds after start: of expiration. ..... 366
Volume at time of peak flow plus 2.0 seconds ..... 371
Flow at time of peak flow plus 2.0 seconds ..... 376
Time of achieving 4.0 liters volume, measured from start of expiration ..... 381
Flow at 4.0 liters volume ..... 386
Volume at 3.0 seconds after start of expiration ..... 391
Flow at 3.0 seconds after start of expiration ..... 396
Volume at time of peak flow plus 3.0 seconds ..... 401
Flow at time of peak flow plus 3.0 seconds ..... 406
Time of achieving 5.0 liters volume, measured from start of expiration ..... 411
Flow at 5.0 liters volume ..... 416
Volume at 4.0 seconds after start of expiration ..... 421
Flow at 4.0 seconds after start of expiration ..... 426
Volume at time of peak flow plus 4.0 seconds ..... 431
Flow at time of peak flow plus 4.0 seconds ..... 436
Time of achieving 6.0 liters volume, measured from start of expiration ..... 441
Flow at 6.0 liters volume ..... 446
Time of achieving $25 \%$ of forced vital capacity ..... 451
Flow at $25 \%$ of forced vital capacity ..... 456
Time of achieving $50 \%$ of forced vital capacity ..... 461
Flow at $50 \%$ of forced vital capacity ..... 466
Forced Vital Capacity. ..... 471
Mid Expiratory Flow Rate ..... 476
Maximum Mid Expiratory Flow. ..... 481
Time of achieving 75\% of forced vital capacity. ..... 486
Flow at 75\% of forced vital capacity ..... 491
Forced Vital Capacity time ..... 496
BTPS factor. ..... 501
Calibration factor ..... 508
Diagnosis Code ..... 515
Reproducibility Code ..... 516
Best Trial Code ..... 517

DE'IALLED PLESUNS LOCATIONS 1-100
demograplicc data tape
( $\mathrm{n}=6913$ )

|  |  | ( $\mathrm{n}=6913$ ) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| -Tape Loc. | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. of } \\ \text { Positions } \end{gathered}$ | ITEM DESCPIPTION \& CODES | Control <br> Counts | llanes I Data Source |
|  |  | DEMOGRAPHIC DATA |  |  |
| 1-5 | , 5 | Samole Sequence Number |  |  |
| 6-9 | 4 | $\frac{\text { Catialog Number }}{4271}$ | 6913 |  |
| 10 | 1 | Size of Place | - |  |
|  |  | 1-Urbanized area with $3,000,000$ or more 2 - Urbanized area with $1,000,000$ to $2,999,999$ | 1076 824 | Househuld Questionnaire See Detailed Notes |
|  |  | 3 - Urbanized area with 250,000 to 499,999 | 1091 |  |
|  |  | 4 - Urbanized area under 250,000 | 627 |  |
|  |  | 5 - Urban place 25,000 or more outside urbanized area | 120 |  |
|  |  | 6 - Urball place 10,000 to 24,999 outside urbanized area | 338 |  |
| $\stackrel{N}{\sim}$ |  | 7 - Urban place 2,500 to 9,999 outside urbanized area | 403 |  |
|  |  | 8 - Rural | 2434 |  |
| 11 | 1 | SMSA - Not SMSA |  |  |
|  |  | 1-In SMSiA, in central city | 2038 | Household Questionnaire |
|  |  | 2 - In SMSA, not in central city | 2175 | See Detailed Notes |
|  |  | 4 - .Not in SMSA | 2700 |  |
| 12 | 1 | Type of Living Quarters |  |  |
|  |  | 1-Housing Unit | 6872 | Household Questionnaire |
|  |  | 2 - Other unit | 41 |  |
| 13 | 1 |  |  |  |
|  |  | l-All other | $\begin{aligned} & 4535 \\ & 7378 \end{aligned}$ | Household Questionnaire |
| 14 | 1 | If Rural,' asked Hlow Many Acres of Land Are Included? |  | Household Questionnal.re |
|  |  | 1-10 or more acres | 658 |  |
|  |  | 2 - Less than 10 acres | 1720 |  |
|  |  | 9 - Not applicable | 4535 |  |

## he'altil and nutrition examination survey (ilanes i)


heilitil anj nutrition examination survey (llanes i)!

| Item $=$ | Tape Loc. | No. of <br> Positions | ITEM DESCRIPTION \& CODES | Control Counts | lianes I Data <br> Source |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ \underset{\sim}{1} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 22 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Race - Head of Household } \\ & \hline 1 \text { - White } \\ & 2 \text { - Negro } \\ & 3 \text { - Other } \\ & \text { Blank } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3209 \\ 612 \\ 33 \\ 3059 \end{array}$ | ```Household Questionnaire Spe Detailed Notes 3%``` |
|  | 23-24 | 2 | Total Number of Persons in Household 01-16 - As given | 6913 | Household Questionnaire |
|  | 25-26 | 2 | Totai Sample Persons in Househoid 01-06 As given <br> Number of Hooms in House | 6913 | Household Questionnaire |
|  | 27 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 1-8-A s \text { given } \\ & 9-9 \text { or more } \\ & \text { B1ank } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3678 \\ 176 \\ 3059 \end{array}$ | Household Questionnaire |
|  | 28 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Is there piped water? } \\ & \begin{array}{l} 1 \text { - Yes } \\ 2 \text { - No } \\ \text { Blank } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3753 \\ 101 \\ 3059 \end{array}$ | Household Questionnaire if |
|  | 29 | 1 | ```If yes Is there hot and cold piped, water? 1 - Yes 2-No 9-Not applicable Blank``` | $\begin{array}{r} 3655 \\ 100 \\ 99 \\ 3059 \end{array}$ | Household Quegtionnaire of |
|  | 30 | 1 | If yes to piped water <br> Does House Have a Sink with Piped Water? <br> 1 - Yes <br> 2 - No <br> 9 - Not applicable <br> Blank | $\begin{array}{r} 3726 \\ 29 \\ 99 \\ 3059 \end{array}$ | Household Questionnaire $+5$ |
|  | 31 | 1 | Does House Have a Range or Cook Stove? <br> 1 - Yes <br> 2 - No <br> Blank | $\begin{array}{r} 3815 \\ 39 \\ 3059 \end{array}$ | Household Queationnaire 4 |


healtil atd nutrition lexamingition suhvey (ilanes i)


| Item $\qquad$ 0 | Tape Loc. | No. of Positions | ITEM DESCRIPTION \& CODES | Control Counts | IlANES I Data Source |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ \underset{\sim}{1} \end{gathered}$ | 52-55 | 4 | If yes to above, how much altogether? |  | dousehold Questionnaire |
|  |  |  | 0001-6999 - As given | 57 | is** |
|  |  |  | 8888 - Blank, lut applicable | $152$ |  |
|  |  |  | 9999 - Not applicable | 3645 |  |
|  |  | 1 | Blank | 3059 |  |
|  | 56 |  | Guvernment Employee Pensions or Private Pensiona? |  | Houschold Questionnaire |
|  |  |  | 1-Yes | 154 |  |
|  |  |  | 2 - No | 1299 |  |
|  |  |  | B - Blank, but applicable | 147 |  |
|  |  |  | 9 - Not applicable | 2254 |  |
|  |  |  | Blank | 3059 |  |
|  | 57-60 | 4 | If yes to above, how much altogether? |  | Yousehold Questionnaire |
|  |  |  | 0001-6999 - As given | 149 |  |
|  |  |  | 8888 - Biank, but applicable | 152 |  |
|  |  |  | 9999 - Not applicable | 3553 |  |
|  |  |  | Blank | 3059 |  |
|  | 61 | 1 | Dividends, interest or rent? |  | diousehold Questionnaire |
|  |  |  | 1-Yes : | 231 | \% |
|  |  |  | $2-N o r y ~$ B - Blank, but applicable | 1223 | R |
|  |  |  | 9 - Not applicable | 2254 |  |
|  |  |  | Blank | 3059 |  |
|  | 62-65 | 4 | If yes to above, how miuch altogether? |  | Household Questionnaire |
|  |  |  | 0001-6999 - As given. | 212 | \$9 |
|  |  |  | 8888 - Biank, bu't applicable | 165 |  |
|  |  |  | 9999 - Not applicable | 3477 |  |
|  |  |  | Blank | 3059 |  |
|  | 66 | 1 | Net income from own non-farm business, professional practice or partnership? |  | Household Questionnaire |
|  |  |  | 1-Yes | 67 |  |
|  |  |  | 2 - No | 1384 |  |
|  |  |  | $3-\operatorname{Loss}$ | 4 |  |
|  |  |  | 8 - Blank, but applicable | 145 |  |
|  |  |  | 9 - Not applicable | 2254 |  |
|  |  |  | Blank | 3059 |  |

HEAl.TH AND NUTRITIUN EXAMINATION SURVEY (HANES I)

| Icem 1 | Tape loc. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { No. of } \\ \text { Positions } \end{array}$ | ITEM DESCPIPTION \& CODES | Control <br> Counts | llanis I Data Sourie |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }_{1}$ | $\underbrace{67-70}$ | 4 | If yes to above, how much altogether? 0001-7500-As given <br> 8888 - Blank, but applicable <br> 9999 - Not app1icable | 57 159 3638 3059 | Household Questionnaire 76 |
|  |  | $\dot{1}$ | Blank Net income from. a farm? | 3059. | Jouschold Questionnaire |
|  |  |  | 1-Yes | 102 1348 | $00_{0}^{+\infty}$ |
|  |  |  | 3 - Loss | 5 |  |
|  |  |  | 8 - Blank, but applicable | 145 |  |
|  |  |  | 9 - Not applicable | 2254 |  |
|  |  | 4 | Blank | 3059 | Household Questionnaire |
|  | 72-75 |  | If yes to above, how much altogether? 0000-6999 - As given | 98 | lousehold questionnaire |
|  |  |  | 8888 - Blank, but applicable | 154: |  |
|  |  |  | . 9999 - Not applicable | 3602 |  |
|  | 76 | 1 | Blank ' | 3059 | Jousehold Questionnaire |
|  |  |  | $\frac{\text { Veteran's Payments }}{1-\text { Yes }}$ | 104 | $\%^{\circ}$ |
|  |  |  | 2 - No | 1348 147 |  |
|  |  |  | 8 -. Blank, but applicable 9 - Not applicable | $2255$ |  |
|  |  |  | Blank | 3059 | hold Quegtionnai |
|  | 77-80 | 4 | If yes to above, how much altogether? 0001-6999-As given | 99 |  |
|  |  |  | 8888 - Blank, but applicable <br> 9999 - Not applicable | 152 3603 |  |
|  | 81 | 1 | Blank <br> Alimony, child support or contributions from persons not living in household? <br> 1-Yes | 3059 | Household Questionnaire 4 |
|  |  |  | 2 - No . | 1403 |  |
|  |  |  | 8 - Blank, but applicable | 146 |  |
|  |  |  | 9 - Not applicable | 2255 |  |
|  |  |  | Blank | 3059 |  |


heilith and nutrition examination survey (ilanes i)'

| [tem <br> if | Tape Loc. | No. of Positions | ITEM DESCRIPTION \& CODES | Control Counts | hanes I Data Source |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 103 | 1 | Race of Examined Person <br> 1-White <br> 2 - Negro <br> 3 - Other | $\begin{array}{r} 5968 \\ 873 \\ 72 \end{array}$ | Household Quegtionnaire Sec Detailed Noten |
|  | 104 | 1 | ```Sex of Examined Person I - Male 2- Female``` | $\begin{aligned} & 3171 \\ & 3742 \end{aligned}$ | Household Questionnaire |
|  | 105 | 1 | Marital Status |  | Household Questionnaire |
|  |  |  |  | 0 5314 |  |
|  |  |  | 2 - Married | 598 |  |
|  |  |  | 4 - Never married | 451 |  |
|  |  |  | 5 - Divorced | 343 |  |
|  |  |  | 6 - Separated <br> B - Blank, but applicable | 201 6 |  |
|  | 106-9 | 4 | Date of Bitth (month, year) <br> 01-12 - Month as given <br> 00-99 - Year (1896-1975) as giveh | $\begin{aligned} & 6913 \\ & 6913 \end{aligned}$ | Household Questionnaire |
|  | 110-11 | 2 | $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Place of Birth } \\ \hline 01-02 \\ 04-06 \\ 08-13 \\ 15-42 \\ 44-51 \\ 53-56 \\ 60-81 \\ 91-97\end{array}\right\}$ As given $88-$ Blank, but applicable | 6881 | Household Questionnaire See Detailed Notes |


heal.til and nutrition examination survey (hanes i)


| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Item } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Tape } \\ \text { Loc. } \end{gathered}$ | No. of Positions | , ITEM DESCRIPTIO: \& CODES | Control Counts | hanes I Data Source |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underset{1}{\mathbf{N}}$ | 120-21 | 2 | What is your main ancestry or national origin? |  | Household Queationnaire |
|  |  |  | 00-Gernan | 1256 |  |
|  |  |  | 01 - Irish | 940 |  |
|  |  |  | 02 - Italian | 242 |  |
|  |  |  | 03 - French | 325 |  |
|  |  |  | 04 - Polish | 207 |  |
|  |  |  | 05 - Russian | 67 |  |
|  |  |  | 06 - English | 975 |  |
|  |  |  | 07 -' Spanish | 112 |  |
|  |  |  | O8- Mexican | -128 |  |
|  |  |  | 09 - Chinege | 20 |  |
|  |  |  | 10 - Japanese | 14 |  |
|  |  | 4 | 11 - American Indian | 82 |  |
|  |  |  | 12 - Negro | 868 |  |
|  |  |  | 13 - Jewish | 24 |  |
|  |  |  | 14 - American | 478 |  |
|  |  |  | 15 - Other | 979 |  |
|  |  |  | 88 - Blank, but applicable | 15 |  |
|  |  |  | 99 - Don't'' know | 181 |  |
|  | 122 | 1 | What was he doing most of jast three monthr? |  | Household Questionnaire |
|  |  |  | 1-Working | 3741 |  |
|  |  |  | 2 - Keeping house | 2207 |  |
|  |  |  | 3 - Something else. | 952 |  |
|  |  |  | 8 - Blank, but applicable | 13 |  |
|  |  |  | 9 - Not applicable | 0 |  |
|  | 123 | 1 | If "something else" from above, what was he doing? |  | Household questionnaire |
|  |  |  | 0 - Laid off ${ }^{\prime}$ | 32 |  |
|  |  |  | 1 - Retired | 549 |  |
|  |  |  | 2 - Student | 56 |  |
|  |  |  | 3 - Other | 57 |  |
|  |  |  | 4-111. | 68 |  |
|  |  |  | 5 - Staying home | 29 |  |
|  |  |  | 6 - Looking for work | 23 |  |
|  |  |  | 7 - Unable to work | 138 |  |
|  |  |  | 8 - Blank, but applicable | 13 |  |
|  |  |  | 9 - Not applicable | 5948 |  |

he'alith and nutritiun examination survey (hanes i),

| Item $\qquad$ | Tape Loc. | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. of } \\ \text { Positions } \end{gathered}$ | ITEM DESCPIITION \& CODES | Control Counts | IIANES I Data Source |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }_{\substack{\prime \\ \hline}}^{\mathbf{N}}$ | 124 | 1 | If "keeping house" or "something else" from above, did he work at a job or business at any time during the past three mariths? <br> 1-Yes <br> 2-No <br> 8-Blank, but applicable <br> 9 - Not applicable | $\begin{array}{r} 401 \\ 2755 \\ 16 \\ 3741 \end{array}$ | Hunsthold Questionnaire |
|  | 125 | 1 | If "Working" from above, did he work full-time or part-time? <br> 1-Full-time <br> 2 - Part-time <br> 8 - Blank, but applicable <br> 9 - Not applicable | $\begin{array}{r} 3439 \\ 702 \\ 17 \\ 2755 \end{array}$ | Ilouschold Questionnaire |
|  | 126 | 1 | Did he work at any time last week or the week before? (not around house) <br> 1-Yes. <br> 2 - No <br> 8 - Blank;: but applicable <br> 9 - Not applicable | $\begin{array}{r} 3738 \\ 384 \\ .36 \\ 2755 \end{array}$ | llousehold Questionnaire |
|  | 127 | 1 | If "no" to above, even though he did not work during that time, does he have a job or business? <br> 1 - Yes <br> 2 - No <br> 8 - Blank, but applicable <br> 9 - Not applicable | $\begin{array}{r} 277 \\ 2861 \\ 37 \\ 3738 \end{array}$ | Houschold quegtionnaire |
|  | 128 | 1 | If "no" in Position 126; was he looking for work or on lay-off from a job? <br> 1-Yes <br> 2 - No <br> B - Blank, büt applicable <br> 9 - Not applicable | $\begin{array}{r} 21.8 \\ 2920 \\ 37 \\ 3738 \end{array}$ | Household Questionnaire |


| Item | Tape Loc. | No. of Positions | ITEM DESCRIPTION \& CODES | Control Counte | ILANES I Deta Source |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underset{\underset{1}{\mathbf{N}} \underset{1}{\mathbf{N}}}{ }$ | 129 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { If yes to above - which? } \\ & \hline \text { l-Looking } \\ & 2 \text { - Lay-off } \\ & 3 \text { - Both } \\ & \text { B - Dlank, but applicable } \\ & 9 \text { - Not applicable } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 127 \\ 72 \\ 19 \\ 37 \\ 6 \mathrm{E} \quad 3 \end{array}$ | Houschold Questionnaite |
|  | 130 | 1 | Class of Worker <br> 1 - Private paid <br> 2 - Government-Federal <br> 3 - Government-Other <br> 4-Own <br> 5 - Non-paid <br> 6 - Never worked <br> 8 - Blank, but applicable <br> 9 - Not applicable | $\begin{array}{r} 2900 \\ 175 \\ 584 \\ 512 \\ 49 \\ 9 \\ 16 \\ 2668 \end{array}$ | Ilousehold Queationnaire |
|  | 131 | 1 | ```If self-employed in "own" business and not a farme is the business Incorporated? 1-Yes 2 - No 8-Blank, but applicable 9 - Not applicable``` | $\begin{array}{r} 70 \\ 369 \\ 16 \\ 6458 \end{array}$ | Household Questionnaire |
|  | 132-34 | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { Business or Industry Code }}{017-999-\text { As given }} \\ & \quad .000-\text { Blank, but applicable } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6909 \\ 4 \end{array}$ | Ilousehold Questionnaire See Detailed Notes |
|  | 135-37 | 3 | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { Occupation Code }}{\text { 001-995 As glven }} \\ & 000-\text { Blank, but applicable } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6907 \\ 6 \end{array}$ | Household Questionnaire See Detailed Notes |
|  | 138-43 | 6 | Date of Examination <br> Month - 01-12 as given <br> Day - 01-31 as given <br> Year - 71-75 as given | $\begin{aligned} & 6913 \\ & 6913 \\ & 6913 \end{aligned}$ | Control Record |

HEALTH AND NUTRITION EXAIINATION SURVEY (HANES I)

| Item \# | Tape <br> Loc. | No. of Positions | ITEM DESCRIPTION \& CODES | Control <br> Counts | HANES I <br> Data Source |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underset{\substack{1 \\ 1 \\ 1}}{\substack{1}}$ | 144-45 | 2 | Age at Examination 25-75 - As given | 6913 | Computer generated |
|  | 146 | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\text { Farm }}{1-\text { Farm }} \\ & 2-\text { Nonfarm } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 452 \\ & 6461 \end{aligned}$ | Computer generated See Detalled Notes |
|  | 147-49 | 3 | ```Poverty Index (X.XX) 001-997 - As given 998 - Index computed 998 or greater 999 - Unknown B1ank``` | $\begin{array}{r} 3671 \\ 9 \\ 174 \\ 3059 \end{array}$ | Computer generated See Detailed Notes * |
|  | 150 | 1 | Region. <br> 1 - Northeast <br> 2 - Midwest <br> 3 - South <br> 4 - West | $\begin{aligned} & 1609 \\ & 1710 \\ & 1763 \\ & 1831 \end{aligned}$ | Computer generated See Detailed Notes |
|  | 151 | 1 | FOOD PROG்RAMS APPLICABILITY <br> 1 - Not applicable <br> 2 - No program available <br> 3 - Food stamps availab1e <br> 4 - Commodities available <br> 8 - Blank, but applicable <br> B1ank | $\begin{array}{r} 2952 \\ 14 \\ 771 \\ 107 \\ 10 \\ 3059 \end{array}$ | Food Programs Quest.长 |
|  | 152 | 1 | Are you certified to participate in the food stamp program? $\begin{aligned} & 1-\text { Yes } \\ & 2-\text { No } \\ & 9 \text { - Don't know } \\ & \text { Blank } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 299 \\ 348 \\ 19 \\ 6247 \end{array}$ | Food Programs Quest.床 |


health and nutrition examination survey (hanes i)

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Item } \\ \# \end{gathered}$ | Tape <br> Loc. | No. of Posittons | ITEM DESCRIPTION \& CODES | Control <br> Counts | $\begin{aligned} & \text { HANES I } \\ & \text { Data Source } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underset{1}{\underset{1}{\omega}}$ |  |  | Sample Weights |  | See Detailed Notes |
|  | 163 | 6 | $\frac{\text { Detailed Persons }}{\text { Blank }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1892 \\ & 5021 \end{aligned}$ | See Detailed Notes |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 164- \\ & 169 \end{aligned}$ | 6 | Blank - Data User Work Area |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 170- \\ & 175 \end{aligned}$ | 6 | $\frac{\text { Detailed Persons - Locations 01-65 }}{\text { Blank }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3854 \\ & 3059 \end{aligned}$ | See Detailed Notes |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 176- \\ & 181 \end{aligned}$ | 6 | Blank - Data User Work Area |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 182- \\ & 187 \end{aligned}$ | 6 | $\frac{\text { Detailed Persons - Locations 66-100 }}{\text { B1ank }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3059 \\ & 3854 \end{aligned}$ | See Detalled Notes |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 188- \\ & 193 \end{aligned}$ | 6 | Detailed Persons - Locations 1-100 | 6913 | See Detailed Notes |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 194- \\ & 195 \end{aligned}$ | 2 | Strata | 6913 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 196- \\ & 198 \end{aligned}$ | 3 | Pseudo Primary Sampling Units | 6913 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 199 \\ & 200 \end{aligned}$ | 2 | Work Area |  |  |

HEALTH AND NUTRITION EXMMINATION SURVEY (ILANES I)

## SPIROMETRY DATA TAPE - BEST TRIALS ONLY

( $\mathrm{n}=6,913$ )

| Item \# | Tape Loc. | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. of } \\ \text { Positions } \end{gathered}$ | ITEM DESCRIPTION AND CODES | Control Counts | HANES I Data Source |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underset{\substack{1 \\ \mathbf{c} \\ \mathbf{1}}}{ }$ | $\begin{gathered} -201- \\ 204 \end{gathered}$ | 4 | $\frac{\text { CATALOG NIMBER }}{4250}$ |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 205- \\ & 207 \end{aligned}$ | 3 | Height (in inches - xx. $x$ - decimal not shown on tape) <br> 52.3-80.7-as given <br> 888 - blank, but applicable | $\begin{array}{r} 6906 \\ 7 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | 208 | 1 | Imputation Code <br> 0 - as observed <br> 1 - missing data - imputed <br> 8 - blank, but applicable | 6892 14 7 |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 209- \\ & 213 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | ```Weight (in pounds - xxx.xx - decimal not shown on tape) 071.50 - 400.0n - as given 88888 - blank, but applicable``` | $\begin{array}{r} 6909 \\ 4 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | 214 | 1 | Imputation Code <br> 0 - as observed <br> 1 - missing data - immuted <br> 8 - missing data - not imputed | $\begin{array}{r} 6890 \\ 19 \\ 4 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 215- \\ & 216 \end{aligned}$ | 2 | Technician Number <br> 33, 69-75, 78, 81-87, 90, 92-95 - as given Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |




| $\begin{gathered} \text { Item } \\ \# ⿰ ⿰ 三 丨 ⿰ 丨 三 \end{gathered}$ | Tape Loc． | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { No. of } \\ \text { Positions } \end{array}$ | ITEM DESCRIPTION AND CODES | Control Counts | HANES I Data Source |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underset{\sim}{\underset{\sim}{t}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & .256- \\ & 260 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Peak flow（in mls／sec） |  |  |
|  |  |  | ```02462 - 16846 - as given 99999 - not technically valid Blank``` | $\begin{array}{r} 5535 \\ 9 \\ 1369 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 261- \\ & 265 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Time（in 1000 th of seconds）of achieving 1.0 liters volume， measured from start of expiration |  |  |
|  |  |  | 00090 －05630－as given 99999 Blank | $\begin{array}{r} 5536 \\ 8 \\ 1369 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 266- \\ & 270 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Flow（in m1s／sec）at 1.0 liters volume |  |  |
|  |  |  | ```00000 - 15793 - as given 99999 - not technically valid Blank``` | $\begin{array}{r} 5520 \\ 24 \\ 1369 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 271- \\ & 275 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Volume（in mls）at $1 / 2$ seconds after start of expiration |  |  |
|  |  |  | 00214－04792－as given Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 276- \\ & 280 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | F1ow（in m1s／sec）at $1 / 2$ seconds after start of expiration |  |  |
|  |  |  | 00000 － 07118 －as given Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 281- \\ & 285 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Volume（in mls）at time of（peak flow plus ． 10 seconds） |  |  |
|  |  |  | 0 n057－04501－as given Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |


| Item非 | Tape Loc. | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. of } \\ \text { Positions } \end{gathered}$ | ITEM DESCRIPTION AND CODES | Control Counts | HANES I <br> Data Source |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\frac{286-}{290}$ | 5 | Flow (in $\mathrm{ml} \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{sec}$ ) at time of (peak flow plus . 10 seconds) |  |  |
|  |  |  | ```00000 - 12258 - as given 99999 - not technically valid Blank``` | $\begin{array}{r} 5524 \\ 20 \\ 1369 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 291- \\ & 295 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Time (in 1000th of seconds) of achieving 1.2 liters volume, measured from start of expiration |  |  |
|  |  |  | ```0010n - 06697 - as given 99999 - not technically valid B1ank``` | $\begin{array}{r} 552.6 \\ 18 \\ 1369 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 296- \\ & 300 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Flow (in mls $/ \mathrm{sec}$ ) at 1.2 liters volume |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 00000-15793 \text { - as given } \\ & 99999 \\ & \text { Blank } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5471 \\ 73 \\ 1369 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 301- \\ & 305 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Volume (in mls) at $3 / 4$ seconds after start of expiration <br> 00276-05685 - as given <br> Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 306- \\ & 310 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Flow (in $\mathrm{ml} / \mathrm{sec}$ ) at $3 / 4$ seconds after start of expiration <br> 00000-05862 - as given <br> Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 311- \\ & 315 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Volume (in mls) at time of (peak flow plus .50 seconds) <br> 00214-05295 - as given <br> Biank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |



| Item \# | Tape Loc. | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. of } \\ \text { Positions } \end{gathered}$ | ITEM DESCRIPTION AND CODES | Control Counts | HANES I <br> Data Source |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\stackrel{1}{\underset{1}{+}}$ | $\begin{gathered} 341- \\ 345 \end{gathered}$ | 5 | Volume (in mls) at time of (peak flow plus 1.0 seconds) |  |  |
|  |  |  | 00328-06306 - as given Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 346- \\ & 350 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Flow (in mis $/ \mathrm{sec}$ ) at time of (peak flow plus 1.0 seconds) |  |  |
|  |  |  | 00000 - 03366-as given 99999 Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 1461 \\ & 4083 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 351- \\ & 355 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Time (in 1000 th of seconds) of achieving 3.0 liters volume, measured from start of expiration |  |  |
|  |  |  | $00250-08560$ - as given 99999 Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 4088 \\ & 1456 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 356- \\ & 360 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Flow (in m1s $/ \mathrm{sec}$ ) at 3.0 liters volume |  |  |
|  |  |  | ```00000 - 09686 - as given 99999 - not technically valid Blank``` | $\begin{aligned} & 2003 \\ & 3541 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 361- \\ & 365 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Volume (in mls) at 2.0 seconds after start of expiration <br> 00436-07074 - as given <br> Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 366- \\ & 370 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Flow (in $\mathrm{ml} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{sec}$ ) at 2.0 seconds after start of expiration ```00000 - 03691 - as given 99999 - not technically valid Blank``` | $\begin{array}{r} 238 \\ 5306 \\ 1369 \end{array}$ |  |

healith and nuirition examination survey（hanes i）

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Item } \\ \sharp ⿰ ⿰ 三 丨 ⿰ 丨 三 \end{gathered}$ | Tape <br> Loc． | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { No. of } \\ \text { Positions } \end{array}$ | ITEM DESCRIPTION AND CODES | Control Counts | HANES I Data Source |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\stackrel{1}{i}$ | $371-$ | 5 | Volume（in mls）at time of（peak flow plus 2.0 seconds） |  |  |
|  |  |  | 00436－07128－as given Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 376- \\ & 380 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Flow（in $\mathrm{mls} / \mathrm{sec}$ ）at time of（peak flow plus 2.0 seconds） |  |  |
|  |  |  | ```00000 - 04950 - as given 99999 - not technically valid Blank``` | $\begin{array}{r} 204 \\ 5340 \\ 1369 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 381- \\ & 385 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Time（in 1000th of seconds）of achieving 4.0 liters volume， measured from start of expiration |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 00370-08520 \text { - as given } \\ & 99999 \\ & \text { Blank } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2003 \\ & 3541 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 386- \\ & 390 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Flow（in mls $/ \mathrm{sec}$ ）at 4.0 liters volume |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 00000-07160-\text { as given } \\ & 99999 \\ & \text { Blank } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 473 \\ 5071 \\ 1369 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 391- \\ & 395 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Volume（in mls）at 3.0 seconds after start of expiration |  |  |
|  |  |  | 00436－07586－as given Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 396- \\ & 400 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | F1ow（in $\mathrm{ml} / \mathrm{sec}$ ）at 3.0 seconds，after start of expiration |  |  |
|  |  |  | ```00000 - 02872 - as given 99999 - not technically valid Blank``` | $\begin{array}{r} 69 \\ 54.75 \\ 1369 \end{array}$ |  |


| Item非 | Tape Loc. | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. of } \\ \text { Positions } \end{gathered}$ | ITEM DESCRIPTION AND CODES | Control Counts | HANES I Data Source |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{1}{i}$ | $\begin{aligned} & .401- \\ & 405 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Volume (in mls) at time of (peak flow plus 3.0 seconds) |  |  |
|  |  |  | 00436 - 07596 - as given Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 406- \\ & 410 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | F1ow (in mls/sec) at time of (peak flow plus 3.0 seconds) |  |  |
|  | $410$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 00000-03206 \text { - as given } \\ & 99999 \\ & \text { B1ank } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 56 \\ 5488 \\ 1369 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | 415 | 5 | Time (in 1000th of seconds) of achieving 5.0 liters volume, measured from start of expiration |  |  |
|  |  |  | ```00550 - 08910 - as given 99999 - not technically valid Blank``` | $\begin{array}{r} 717 \\ 4827 \\ 1369 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 416- \\ & 420 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Flow (in m1s/sec) at 5.0 liters volume |  |  |
|  |  |  | ```00818 - 04743 - as given 99999 - not technically valid Blank``` | $\begin{array}{r} 31 \\ 5513 \\ 1369 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 421- \\ & 425 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Volume (in mls) at 4.0 seconds after start of expiration |  |  |
|  | 425 |  | 00436-07789 - as given Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 426- \\ & 430 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Flow (in mls/sec) at 4.0 seconds after start of expiration |  |  |
|  |  |  | ```00000 - 02085 - as given 99999 - not technically valìd Blank``` | $\begin{array}{r} 24 \\ 5520 \\ 1369 \end{array}$ |  |

health and nutrition gxamination survey (hanes i)

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Item } \\ \sharp \end{gathered}$ | Tape Loc. | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { No. of } \\ \text { Positions } \end{array}$ | ITEM DESCRIPTION AND CODES | Control Counts | HANES I Data Source |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\stackrel{1}{i}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 431- \\ & 435 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Volume (in mls) at time of (peak flow plus 4.0 seconds) |  |  |
|  |  |  | 00436 - 07789 - as given Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 436- \\ & 440 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Flow (in mls/sec) at time of (peak flow plus 4.0 seconds) |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 00000-01444 \text { - as given } \\ & 99999 \\ & \text { Blank } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 20 \\ 5524 \\ 1369 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 441- \\ & 445 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Time (in 1000th of seconds) of achieving 6.0 liters volume, measured from start of expiration |  |  |
|  |  |  | ```00900 - 08470 - as given 99999 - not technically valid Blank``` | $\begin{array}{r} 144 \\ 5400 \\ 1369 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 446- \\ & 450 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Flow (in $\mathrm{ml} / \mathrm{sec}$ ) at 6.0 liters volume |  |  |
|  |  |  | 01702 - as given <br> 99999 - not technically valid Blank | $\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 5543 \\ 1369 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 451- \\ & 455 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Time (in 1000th of seconds) of achieving $25 \%$ of Forced Vital Capacity |  |  |
|  |  |  | 00065-00954 - as given Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 456- \\ & 460 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Flow (in $\mathrm{mls} / \mathrm{sec}$ ) at $25 \%$ of Forced Vital Capacity |  |  |
|  |  |  | 00000 - 14530 - as given Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |


| Item \# | Tape Loc. | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. of } \\ \text { Positions } \end{gathered}$ | ITEM DESCRIPTION AND CODES | Control Counts | HANES I Data Source |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underset{\substack{1 \\ i \\ i}}{+}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 461- \\ & 465 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Time (in 1000th of seconds) of achieving $50 \%$ of Forced Vital Capacity |  |  |
|  |  |  | 00170-02650 - as given <br> Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 4660^{\circ} \\ & 470 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Flow (in mls $/ \mathrm{sec}$ ) at $50 \%$ of Forced Vital Capacity |  |  |
|  | 470 |  | 00000 - 09075 - as given Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 471- \\ & 475 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | FVC (Forced Vital rapacity) |  |  |
|  |  |  | 00436 - 08097 - as given Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 476- \\ & 480 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | MEFR Mid-Fxpiratory Flow Rate) $=$ average flow during the first significant liter of effort = Forced Expiratory F1ow (FEF) rate between 200 mls and $1200 \mathrm{mls}=\mathrm{FEF}_{200}-.1200$ |  |  |
|  | . |  | $\begin{aligned} & 00159-15214 \text { - as given } \\ & 99999 \\ & \text { B1ank } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5526 \\ 18 \\ 1369 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 481- \\ & 485 \end{aligned}$ | 5 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 00141 - 07563 - as given Plank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |

healith and nutrition exarination survey (hanes i)

| Item \# | Tape Loc. | No. of Positions | ITEM DESCRIPTION AND CODES | Control Counts | HANES I Data Source |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{1}{6}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 486- \\ & 490 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Time (in1000th of seconds) of achieving $75 \%$ of Forced Vital Capacity |  |  |
|  |  |  | 00351-07485 - as given Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 491- \\ & 495 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | Flow (in mls/sec) at 75\% of Forced Vital Capacity |  |  |
|  |  |  | nn0n0 - 05482 - as given Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 496- \\ & 500 . \end{aligned}$ | 5 | FVC ${ }_{t}=$ time of $F V C$, measured in 1000th of seconds from start of expiration |  |  |
|  |  |  | 01140-09020 - as given Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $501-$ 507 | 7 | BTPS factor (decimal is shown on tape) |  |  |
|  | 507 |  | 1.05099-1.11526 - as given Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | $508-$ 514 | 7 | Calibration factor (decimal is shown on tape) |  |  |
|  | 514 |  | 0.89000 - 0.97000 - as given Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | 515 | 1 | Diagnosis Code |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1 - Normal | 4776 | See Detailed Note |
|  |  |  | 2 - Restrictive | 642 |  |
|  |  |  | 3 - Obstructive | 68 |  |
|  |  |  | 4 - Restrictive/Obstructive | 58 7360 |  |

HEALTH AND NUTRITYON EXAMINATION SURVEY (HANES I)

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Item } \\ \substack{\#} \end{gathered}$ | Tape Loc. | $\begin{gathered} \text { No. of } \\ \text { Positions } \end{gathered}$ | ITEM DESCRIPTION AND CODES | Control Counts | hanes I Data Source |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 516 | 1 | ```Reproducibility Code 0 - Not reproducible 1 - Reproducible Blank``` | $\begin{array}{r} 862 \\ 4682 \\ 1369 \end{array}$ | See Detailed Note |
|  | 517 | 1 | Best Trial <br> 1 - Best trial Blank | $\begin{aligned} & 5544 \\ & 1369 \end{aligned}$ | See Detailed Note |
| ís | $\begin{aligned} & 518- \\ & 525 \end{aligned}$ | 8 | BLANK - DATA USER WORK APIA |  |  |

## DETAILED NOTES

TADE POSITION 10

## Size of Place

Size of place classification was derived from the 1960 census. According to the definition used in the 1960 census, the urban population was comprised of all persons living in (a) places of 2,500 inhabitants or more incorporated as cities, boroughs, villages and towns (except towns in New York, New England, and Wisconsin); (b) the densely settled urban fringe, whether incorporated or unincorporated, of urbanized areas; (c) towns in New England and townships in New Jersey and Pennsylvania which contained no incorporated municipalities as subdivisions and had either 2,500 inhabitants or more, or a population of 2,500 to 25,000 and a density of 1,500 persons or more per square mile; (d) counties in states other than the New England scates, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania, that had no incorporated municipalities within their boundaries and had a density of 1,500 persons per square mile; and (e) unincarporated places of 2,500 inhabitants or mere not included in any urban fringe. The remaining population was classified as rural.

Urban areas are further classified by population size for places within urbanized areas and other places outside urbanized areas.

DETAILED NOTES
TAPE POSITION 11

## SMSA

A standard metropolitan statistical area is basically a county or a group of contiguous counties which contains at least one city of 50,000 inhabitants or more, or "twin cities" with a combined population of at least 50,000 . In addition to the county or counties containing such a city or cities, contiguous counties are included in an SMSA if, according to the 1960 Census, they are socially and economically integrated with the central city. Each SMSA must include at least one central city, and the complete title of an SMSA identifies the central city or cities.

## Race

The race of the respondent was marked by observation and it was assumed the race of all related persons was the same as the respondent unless otherwise learned. The race categories were "White", "Negro" or "other." If the appropriate category could not be marked by observation, then race was asked. Persons of races other than White or Negro, such as Japanese, Chinese, American Indian, Korean, Hindu, Eskimo, etc. were reported as "Other." Mexicans were included with "White" unless definitely known to be American Indian or of other nonwhite race.

The income group represents the total combined family income for the past twelve (12) months. It includes income from all sources such as wages, salaries, social security or retirement bencfits, help from relatives, rent from property and so forth. The income groups were not reconciled to the component parts (tape positions 36-94). The income component parts were not asked when the gross income was greater than $\$ 6,999$ per annum. However, amounts greater than $\$ 6,999$ appear in tape positions 37-40, 67-70, and 72-75. Some respondents reported a loss of income from their nonfarm business, professional practice, partnership or farm and this explains why some data fields are greater than $\$ 6.999$, but the individual total in tape positions 91-94 does not exceed this figure.

## TAPE POSITIONS 95-99

## Family Unit Code

All related sample persons in the same family unit have the same computer generated family unit code. This will enable detailed analysis of the individual family unit.

UNITED STATES

|  | Standard Abbreviation | Code | Name of Place | Code |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ALABA'A | Al2. | 01 | tinerican Sanoa | 60 |  |
| ALASE'A | Alaska | 02 | Canal Zonc | 61 |  |
| ARI 0 O:A | Ariz. | 04 | Canton and Enderbuty Islands | 62 |  |
| -AREASS | Ark. | 05 | Caroline Is | 63 |  |
| CALIFORIIA | Calif. | 06 | Cook Isla:ds | 64 |  |
| COLORADO | Colo. | 08 | Gilbert and Ellice Isslands | 65 |  |
| COnNECTICLT | Conn. | 09 | Guan | 66 |  |
| DELAWARE | Del. | 10 | Johnston Acoll | 67 |  |
| DIST. OF COLUSHIA | D.C. | 11 | Line Islands - Southern | 68 |  |
| FLORIDA | Fla. | 12 | Mariana Islands | 69 |  |
| GEORGIA | Ga, | 13 | Marshall Islands | 70 |  |
| HANAII | Hawaii | 15 | Midway Islands | 71 |  |
| IDAHO | Idaho | 16 | Puerto Rico | 72 |  |
| ILLIVOIS | I11. | 17 | Rvukyn Islands - Southern | 73 |  |
| INDIAVA | Ind. | 18 | Swan Islands | 74 |  |
| IOWA | Iowa | 19 | Tokelau Islands | 75 |  |
| KANSAS | Kans. | 20 | U.S. Misc. Caribbean | 76 |  |
| KENTUCKY | Ky. | 21 | U.S. MSsc. Pacific Islands | 77 |  |
| LOUIS IAYA | La. | 22 | Virgin Islands | 78 |  |
| MAINE | Maine | 23 | Wake Islands | 79 |  |
| MARYLA3D | Md. | 24 | Cuba | 80 |  |
| ASSACHUSETTS | Mass. | 25 | West Indies | 81 |  |
| -nTCuTCAn! | M, | 26 |  | 91 |  |
| MINIESOTA | Minn. | 27 | South America | 92 |  |
| MISSISSIPPI | Miss. | 28 | Europe | 93 |  |
| MISSOURI | Mo. | 29 | Africa | 94 |  |
| MONTANA | Mont. | 30 | Asia | 95 |  |
| NEBRASKA | Nebr. | 31 | Australasia | 96 |  |
| NEVADA | Nev. | 32 | Pacific Islands | 97 |  |
| NEW HATMSHIRE | N.H. | 33 |  |  |  |
| NEW JERSEY | J.J. | 34 |  |  |  |
| NEW REXICO | N. Frex. | -35 |  |  |  |
| NEW YORN | N.Y. | 36 |  |  |  |
| NORTH CAROLINA | N.C. | 37 |  |  |  |
| NORTH DAKOIA | N. Dak. | 38 |  |  |  |
| OHIO | Ohio | 39 |  |  |  |
| OKL AHOWA | Okla. | 40 |  |  |  |
| OREGON | Oreg. | 41 |  |  |  |
| PENNSYLVANIA | Pa. | 42 |  |  |  |
| RHODE ISLAND | R.I. | 44 |  |  |  |
| SOU'TH CAROLINA | S.C. | 45 |  |  |  |
| SOUTH DAKOTA | S. Dak. | 46 |  |  |  |
| TENNESSEE | Tenn. | 47 |  |  |  |
| TEXAS | Tex. | 48 |  |  |  |
| UTAH | Utah | 49 |  |  |  |
| VERMONT | Vt. | 50 |  |  |  |
| TIRGINIA | Va. | 51 |  |  |  |
| AASHINGTON | Wash. | 53 |  |  |  |
| WEST VINGINIA | W. Va. | 54 |  |  |  |
| HISCOVSIN | Wis. | 55 |  |  |  |
| hYOMLNG | Wyo. | 56 |  |  |  |

## DETAILED NOTES

TAPE POSITIONS 132-134 AND 135-137

## Industry and Occupation Codes

A person's occupation may be defined as his principal job or business For this survey purpose, the principal job or business of a respondent is defined in one of the following ways: If the person worked during the two week interview period or had a job or business, the question concerning his occupation (or work) applies to his job during that period. If the respondent held more than one $j o b$, the question is directed to the one at which he spent the most time. It refers to the one he considers most important when equal time is spent at each job. A person who has not begun work at a new job, is looking for work, or is on layoff from work is questioned about his last full-time civilian job. A full-time job is defined as one at which the person spent 35 or more hours per week and which lasted two consecutive weeks or more. A person who has a job to which he has not yet reported and has never had a previous job or business is classified as a "new worker."

The 1970 census of population Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations was used in the coding of both the industry and occupation.

Library of Congress Number 74-612012. • For sale by the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. \$3.00. Stock Number 0301-2283.

Land used for farming purposes (Code 1 in Tape Position 146) was identified as being rural land (Code 2 in Tape Position 13) consisting of 10 or more acres (Code 1 in Tape Position 14) with crop sales amounting to $\$ 50$ or more (Code 2 in Tape Position 15), or rural land (Code 2 in Tape Position 13) consisting of less than 10 acres (Code 2 in Tape Position 14) with crop sales amounting to $\$ 250$ or more (Code 3 in Tape Position 16). All Other land is classified as nonfarm (Code 2 in Tape Position 146).

Poverty Index-Income status was determined by the Poverty, Income Ratio (PIR). ?overy $i=x=5 s t i c s$ putlisined in the Census Bureau reportsw were based on the povert: iṅex developed by the Social Security Administration in 1964. (For a detailed discussion of the SSA poverty standards, see reference 2.) Modifications in the definition of poverty were adopted in 1969.3/ The standard data series in poverty for statistical use by all executive departments and establishments has been established. 4/

Tiee tio components of the PIR are the total income of the household (njmerator) and a multiple of the total income necessary to maintain a family with given characteristics on a nutritionally adequate food plan 3 (denominator). The doilct value of the denominator of the PIR is constructed from a food plan (econowy plan) necessary to maintain minimum recomended daily nutritional requirements. The economy plan is designated by the Department of Agriculture for "exergency or temporary use when funds are low."

For families of three or more persons, the poverty level was set at three times the cost of the economy food plan. For smaller families and persons living alone, the cost of the economy food plan was adjusted by the relatively higher fixed expenses of these smaller households.

The denominator or poverty income cutoff adjusts the family poverty income maintenance requirements by the family size, the sex of the family head, the age of the family head in families with one or two members, and the place of resicerce (fasm, nonfarm). Annual revisions of the poverty income cutoffs are based $c \pi$ ᄃ $\%$ changes in the average cost of living as reflected in the Consumer Price InĖx.

As sicin in the table, the annual income considered to be the poverty level increases as the family size increases. A family with any combination of characteristics and with the same income as shown in the table has been designated as having a PIR or poverty level of 1.0 . The same family with twice the income found in the table would have a PIR of 2.0. Ratios of less than 1.0 can be described as "below poverty," ratios greater thar or equal to 1.0 , as "at or above poverty."

Pover:y thresholds are computed on a national basis only. No attempt has been maje to adjust these thresholds for regional, State, or other local variation in the cost of living (except for the farm, nonfarm difference). None of the noncash public welfare benefits such as food stamp bonuses or free food commodities are included in the income of the low income families receiving these benefits.

I/Curfer: ponilation Renorts, "Consumer Income," Series P-60, No. 77. May 7. 1971
I/Orsians $\because \because, \ldots .:$ "Counting the Poor: Another Look at the Poverty Profile," Social Security Sulletin, January 1965;"Who's Who Among the Poor: A Demographic View of Poverty," Social Security Bulletin, July 1965.
 4/Circular io. A-4ó, Transmitted Memorandum No. 9, Executive Office of the President, Bureau of the Budget, August 29, 1969, and Exhibit L (rev.).

## DETAILED NOTES

## TAPE POSITIONS 147-149

Weighted average thresholds at the low incowe level in 1971 by aize of fanily and aex of head, by fam-nonfarm residence

| Stze of fawily | Total | Nonfarm |  |  | Farm |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Male ${ }^{1}$ head | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Female } \\ & \text { head } \end{aligned}$ | Total | Malel head | $\begin{gathered} \text { Female }{ }^{1} \\ \text { head } \end{gathered}$ |
| All unrelated individual | \$2,033 | \$2,040 | \$2,136 | \$1,978 | \$1,727 | \$1,783 | \$1,669 |
| Under 65 years-.- | 2,093 | 2,098 | 2,181 | 2,017 | 1,805 | 1,853 | 1,715 |
| 65 years and ov | 1,931 | 1,940 | 1,959 | 1,934 | 1,652 | 1,666 | 1,643 |
| All families------a--- | 3,700 | 3,724 | 3,764 | 3,428 | 3,235 | 3,242 | 3,079 |
| 2 persons---- | 2,612 | 2,633 | 2,641 | 2,581 | 2,219 | 2,224 | 2,130 |
| Head under 65 years | 2,699 | 2,716 | 2,731 | 2,635 | 2,317 | 2,222 | 2,195 |
| Head 65 years and ov | 2,424 | 2,448 | 2,450 | 2,437 | 2,092 | 2,081 | 2,089 |
| 3 persons | 3,207 | 3,229 | 3,246 | 3,127 | 2,745 | 2,749 | 2,627 |
| 4 persons | 4,113 | 4,137 | 4,139 | 4,116 | 3,527 | 3,528 | 3,513 |
| 5 persons | 4,345 | 4,880 | 4,884 | 4,837 | 4,159 | 4,159 | 4,148 |
| 6 persons | 5,441 | 5,489 | 5,492 | 5,460 | 4,688 | 4,689 | 4,656 |
| 7 persons or more- | 6,678 | 6,751 | 6,771 | 6,583 | 5,736 | 5,749 | 5,516 |

${ }^{1}$ For unrelated individuals, sex of the individual.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Conmerce, Social and Economic Statistics Administration, U,S. Bureau of the Census 'Characteristics of the Low Income Population: 1971," Current Populaticn Reports, Series P-60, No. 86, p. 18.

## Region

The Unfted States was divided into four broad geographic regions of approximately equal population. Those regions, which deviate somewhat from the groups used by the Bureau of the Census, are as.follows:

| Region | States Included. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Northeast | Maine, Vermont, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island, New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania |
| South | Delaware, Maryland, District of Columbia, West Virginia, Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, and Arkansas |
| Midwest | Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri |
| West | Washington, Oregon, California, Nevada, New Mexico, Arizona, Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, Idaho, Utah, Colorado, Montana, and Wyoming. |

## DETAILED NOTES

TAPE POSITIONS 158-193

PANES is a multistage, stratiffed, probability sample of loose clusters of persons in land-based segments. In addition, HANES is composed of two distinct examination components-a nutrition screening examination (taken by all examinees) and a more detailed examination taken by a pre-selected subsample of all examinees, ages 25-74. For the nutrition screening examination, locations 1-35 and l-65 constituted national probability samples and for tiee detailed examination, locations $1-35,1-65,66-100$ and $1-100$ all constitute national probability samples. In other words, HANES is composed of six distinct subsamples of the U.S. population. For a more detailed discussion of the sample design see Series l, No. 10a.

Since each of these six subsamples is a distinct subsample of the U.S. population, each subsample requires a different set of weights. The weights are based upon the probability of selection into the sample, adjustments for nonresponse and further adjustments to approximate the U.S. noninstitutionalized population as of the midpoint of each subsample.

In order to select all of those examinees in a particular subsample, i.e. received a particular exam component, it is necessary to exclude all examinees with a weight of zero or blank. It is also necessary to exclude all zero or blank weights because that is the only way to differentiate missing data due to nonresponse from data that is missing because the sample design dictated that a particular examinee was not supposed to receive a particular examination component.

It is suggested that any analyses that are desired by the reseasciner be performed using the greatest number of examinees possible; that is, if the researcher is interested in an exam component of the nutrition screening examination he should use the weight and consequently the data from the 65 location subsample rather than the 35 location subsample. For the detailed examination, the ressarcher should use the 100 location subsample rather than one of the others. However, some exam components were only done in a particular subsample; for example, only at the first 35 locations. In that case, the researcher has no choice in selecting a particular subsample.

There may be occasions when a researcher may want to make comparisons of estimates obtained from various subsamples. For example, the prevalence of some disease condition as estimated from the first 35 locations could be compared with an estimate based upon locations $66-100$. The researcher may also want to formulate hypotheses using one subsample and test those hypotheses using another subsample.

Detailed Note

## Tape Position

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## Diagnosis Code

One of four possible diagnostic evaluations was generated for each subject: normal, restrictive, obstructive, restrictive/obstructive. These categories were developed as screening tools, and do not purport to be conclusive assessments. Two criteria were involved in the diagnoses:
(1) maximum Forced Vital Capacity (FVC) (actually, the maximum of the two best trials, or the best trial if only one was available) and,
(2) the ratio of the best Forced Expiratory Volume at one second ( $\mathrm{FEV}_{1}$ ) to the best FVC $\left(\mathrm{FEV}_{1} / \mathrm{FVC}\right)$.

If the maximum FVC was less than 80 percent of the predicted FVC, a diagnosis of "Restrictive Lung Disease" was recorded. If the ratio between the maximun $\mathrm{FEV}_{1}$ and the maximum FVC was less than 70 percent of the predicted $\mathrm{FEV}_{1} / \mathrm{FVC}$ ratio, the diagnosis of "Obstructive Lung Disease" was recorded. If both the above conditions were obtained, the diagnosis of 'Restrictive/Obstructive Lung Disease" was recorded.

The equations for the predicted values may be found in another publication ${ }^{1}$. As noted above, if the reader wishes to test or apply other diagnostic criteria, the larger all-trial tape may be obtained from the National Center for Health Statistics.

1/ Discher, D., et al. "Development of a New Motivational Spirometer-Rationale for Hardware and Software'. Journal of Occupational Medicine, V. 14, p. 679, 1972.

Detailed Note
Tape Position
516

## Reproducibility

Reproducibility is defined as the ability of a subject to reproduce his best effort, and is the sine qua non of the Forced Expiratory Spirogram. If reproducibility is not established, the analyst cannot be assured that the recorded effort is the best the subject is capable of, even though this may in fact be true. For this data set, reproducibility was determined using the most widely accepted criteria, that of agreement of Forced Vital Capacities (FVC) and Forced Expiratory Volumes at one second $\left(\mathrm{FEV}_{1}\right)$ between the best and second-best trials. Agreement is defined as a second-best FVC within 5 percent of the best FVC if the best FVC is over three liters, or 10 percent if the best FVC is under three liters.

Detailed Note
Tape Position
517

## Best Trial Selection

This data set contains only the best trial from the total number performed (up to 15) by each subject. In the selection of the best trial, all trials with technical failures (inhalation artifact, premature termination, etc.) are deleted before the selection of the best trial begins. If no acceptable trials remain, the subjert. is deleted. If only one trial remains, that one trial is retained as best. If two or more trials remain, the one with the maximum sum of Forced Vital Capacity and Forced Expiratory Volume at one second is chosen as best. These are the same two variables used to establish reproducibility (see detailed note, position 516). This selection algorithm is the most widely accepted but other algorithms have been suggested. If the user is interested in testing or applying a different best trial selection algorithm, the All-Trial Data Tape, available from the National Center for Health Statistics, must be used.

